The Times-Democrat.

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OPHIES OF COOPER.

Detroit Lad Wins Two More Championships.

HUR GARDINER IS HERO.

Fins the One Mile Open In the 'orld's Record Time of 2:01, Beating Out the Other Crack Riders.

:ISVILLE, Aug. 15.—Two more na- championships—the quarter and hird mile—dangle at the belt of Cooper. These made three suc- e championship victories for the it lad. He tried hard for the mile pionship, but got in a bad position. vas beaten out by little Tom But ho rode the race of his life.

Arthur Gardiner is the hero of ay. He rode a magnificent race in ie mile open, beating Sanger out alf a wheel's length in 2:01 's record time, single paced.

al sport characterized the second f the League of American Wheel national meet. The weather was ant and another big crowd with a ous proportion of ladies turned

at and interesting as were the pionship events, the big race of ay was the last on the card, the ssional one mile open. When the arters were lined up the pole was to Becker, with Sanger, Ziegler, an, Bald, McFarland, Gardiner, , Kennedy, Rigby, Tom Butler, and Aker for company at his Parsons and Johnson were put pace, Parsons going one third, on picking up and carrying a lit- er the other third.

the jump Tom Butler and Calla- ad a warm battle with Zeigler for place, Callahan securing it and er taking third back of Butler. men fell in behind on one long with Becker, Rigby, Kennedy Aker sandwiched in between the g bunch, Sanger, Gardiner and In the second third Rigby was by the pace and dropped out, g a big gap back of Becker which edy tried in vain to close.

he bell the chances of the men d seemed hopeless, but Sanger the bit into his teeth and in rious ride. Gardiner held to him ghout and Bald clung as closely ardiner as he could. At the last Sanger swept around the four ran- sprinters like a quad took the run- nto the straight

diner's tactics had been observed e crowd with whom the Chicago a favorite, and a shout went up. esult was foregone, for the curly- l Scotchman came out at Sanger's with a killing sprint that carried ver the tape a winner by a length. r got second and Tommie Butler to third place, two lengths back. d, Ziegler and Becker came over t abreast, just out of the money, Callahan, Aker and McFarland ed the driving finish. The quit- vere Wells, Eaton, Kennedy and . The mile was ridden in 2:01 new world's single paced record, ng the mark made by Bald at o a week ago, 2:01 3-5.

first event, the one-third mile al championship, was a sprint start to finish, in which Cooper istrated his ability and good ent by making a show of a repre- ive field of professionals, riding victor by half a length, after a brush with Owen Kile. Time, n 44 3-5.

he quarter mile national cham- nip, 11 men lined up on the steep ng at the quarter pole. Cooper ake mad, for this championship the third consecutive win for this meet in the championship . Twenty yards from the tape pped his head and dug for home jump after jump, landing on the clear length ahead of Callahan, as still trailing him. The time e quarter was 32 flat, just 2-5 sec- ower than the time made by Bald bury Park last year, when he won 95 championship.

Butler won the mile national pionship in a beautiful sprint with open length of daylight showing rear of his wheel. There were ters, Johnson and Parsons pacing gles. In the break little Ziegler out with his familiar jump and l square on the pacemakers' rear. Butler and Callahan were fight- ear around the turn for his wheel. got the better of the position, Callahan, Cooper and Bald trailed and the balance of the field strung a long line behind. This order ractically unchanged.

he bi field came into the straight r swung out, giving the pole to , for whose wheel Willie Coburn a quick and successful jump. here on the race was clearly Bur- and the only question was how he should beat his field. Bald one 1 st drive and passed Zeigler Gardiner, taking fourth place. ile was ridden in 2:02 3-5.

After Twenty Years.

TSMOUTH, O., Aug. 15. — Mrs. ina Gerlach sues for divorce from d Gerlach with alimony. They been married 20 years and have children. The plaintiff alleges ation and abuse and that that she en several times driven to seek at the home of her son in Co- s.

Ex-Councilman Arrested.

HILTON, O., Aug. 15.—Ex-Council- amuel Fouts was arrested, charged elling stone to the city while he member of council.

Americans Surrender.

ANA, Aug. 15.—Several Ameri- have surrendered to the Spanish rities at Puerto Principe and one American has surrendered at Guines, this province. They have made statements to the Spanish officers that the other Americans with the insurgents are disgusted at the rebellion not being what they imagined it to be.

The Deadlock Broken.

REED CITY, Mich., Aug. 15.—After the three hundred and sixty-second ballot the deadlock in the Eleventh district Republican congressional convention was broken and W. S. Mesick of Antrim county was nominated, defeating Congressmen Avery and four other candidates.

Circulated Green Goods.

CANTON, O., Aug. 15.—A. B. Winnett confesses that he has circulated green goods in this county. He has been arrested and told officers that he paid his taxes with counterfeit money and also deposited some of it in banks. He also admits to having forged a check for $200.

A CRUEL DESERTION.

Chillicothe Druggist Leaves His Wife Destitute and Elopes.

CHILLICOTHE, O., Aug. 15.—Some time ago Mrs. Leo M. Stein left her husband and went to live with the family of Dr. Edward Meggenhofen, a prominent druggist. This week Mrs. Stein and Mrs. Meggenhofen went to Cincinnati to visit friends. During their absence the doctor disposed of all his property and shipped his household goods to Cleveland, he following with his children. When he reached Columbus he telegraphed Mrs. Stein that her sister in Cleveland was dying, and she left for there on the first train. Then Mrs. Meggenhoffen went home and found her house empty, and a note left by the doctor bidding her farewell and saying he could not live without Mrs. Stein.

HUMAN BONES FOUND.

Bessie Clark of Ohio Supposed to Have Been Murdered.

CENTERVILLE, W. Va., Aug. 15.—During the war Cove Jordan built a log house near here, where he lived with his wife. Some time since James Ward bought the property, and while repairing the house many human bones were found under it. This recalled incidents which were shrouded in mystery. About 10 years ago Bessie Clark, 14, came from Scioto county, O., to live with the Jordans. She disappeared and Jordan claimed she left his house during the night. Shortly after this an Italian peddler disappeared in the same neighborhood. Jordan now lives in Kentucky.

Bryan Comes to Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 15.—Hon. L. E. Holden, the Ohio member of the notification committee, sent a telegram from New York to The Plain Dealer announcing that Mr. Bryan would speak in this city on Aug. 31 on the subject of bimetalism.

Drug Store Burglarized.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Aug. 15.—The residence and drug store of D. W. Bonnell at Hubbard, six miles north of here, was burglarized. The thieves secured $400 in jewelry and medals won by his son, W. W. Bonnell, a bicycle rider.

Fell Over Dead.

VALPARAISO, Ind., Aug. 15.—John Peitscher, 72, farmer, got up early in the morning during the heavy storm to go to the barn. As he stepped out doors he fell over dead.

Another Dayton Murder.

DAYTON, O., Aug. 15.—Charles White, negro barber, was shot and mortally wounded by George Paul, an ex-policeman, in a saloon row.

Died on His Wife's Grave.

BETHEL, O., Aug. 15.—S. S. Ulrey, 24, whose wife died six months after they were married, suicided by shooting on his wife's grave.

Things He Couldn't Foresee.

Mr. Hanna is having some difficulty in explaining to the workmen why he has always fought them so bitterly. He might as well be frank about it and tell them that he didn't know that he would ever have vicarious presidential aspirations.—San Francisco Examiner.

A CAMPAIGN OF BOODLE.

Trusts and Money Magnates to Contribute the Sinews of War.

"The issue," said Boss Hanna to a New York reporter, who asked him to define the points of contest in the political campaign, "is to elect Mr. McKinley."

When asked if the currency question would be uppermost, Hanna prayed to be excused from answering hard questions. When asked if the tariff would lead, he smiled and, finally, when pressed for a reply, defined the issue quoted above.

Mr. McKinley is cultivating the art of concealing thought by speech. Mr. McKinley's managers are saying nothing. They are organizing the trusts and the money magnates for a campaign of boodle. The rule is silence, addition and division.

Boss Hanna has admirably defined the issue. It is to elect McKinley. With the election of the syndicate candidate, all for which it is organized will come to the syndicate.—St. Louis Republic.

Exact justice demands a return to the bimetallic standard. This can only be done by opening the mints to silver as a money metal. To discredit silver by legislation inflames the divergence between the relative value of the two metals. Parity cannot be restored by making silver an outcast from the mints.

THE RISING TIDE HAS ROBBED HIM OF HIS CLOTHES

WE CAN GO IT ALONE.

ENGLAND MUST FOLLOW SUIT FOR SELF PROTECTION.

This Is What a Former Governor of the Bank of England Says on Silver Coinage—The Electric Spark That Was Kindled in Chicago.

[From a Speech by George Fred Williams in Lowell.]

Now, then, here is the only question, the simple question, but it seems to me important: Is it possible for the United States, by its legislation, to realize what every one admits to be a national and an international necessity, the restoration of silver in the coinage systems of the world? And that is a pretty narrow question on which to base such language as is used by the Boston Transcript. It is, I say, a fair subject for difference of opinion. I do not deny that, but it is the only issue that there is before the people today.

International agreement is the answer we have from our Republican opponents—namely, that the great nations of Europe shall join us and legislate at the same time in the same direction.

Well, to show you that it is not so preposterous an idea that this government should undertake it alone, let me quote to you the words of Lord Liddersdale, who was a former governor of the Bank of England, one of the best posted men in financial matters known in the world, as to the results of such legislation in this country.

At a banquet held at the Mansion House in London he spoke as follows: "If the American people had the courage of conviction and adopted the double standard of gold and silver, no matter what the ratio, they would inside of a year command the trade of the east—India, the Straits, China and Japan. Unless England should follow suit and adopt a bimetallic standard, she would inside of 18 months cease to be a commercial factor in the markets of the world."

That bears out what our distinguished friend has already so ably pointed out to you, that this question not only involves our internal industries, but opens up the markets of the world to you toilers here in the city of Lowell, in competition with the whole world, under a righteous monetary system.

Now, listen to the words of the monetary commission of 1886. The greatest authority on exchanges known to the world perhaps, M. Hux Gibbs, now Lord Aldermam, said that "America could, with open mints, maintain the parity between the metals without help from any other nation." The great father of bimetallism, the man who has done more in this cause than any other man in the world, Genowski, said only a short time ago that "if America understood her interests, she would at once adopt the free coinage of silver." Only about four weeks ago the leader of the bimetallic cause in France, M. Meline, at a banquet in Paris, declared that bimetallism of itself depended upon the conversion of England, and, he added, I think at the same dinner, that the general consensus of opinion among all the scientific students of this subject in Europe was so marked that it was evident that for the success of the movement nothing was now necessary but an electric spark, and Mr. Morton Frewen, another distinguished authority and a bimetallist, said, "It is possible that that spark may be kindled at Chicago by the adoption of a free silver platform."

Striking Features.

Our whole stock of metallic money on May 1 of this year was $1,095,558,920 and of paper $1,131,463,606.

Striking features of the detailed treasury statement are: First, that we have more paper than metallic money, and that it will take more than all our metal money in the treasury and in circulation to redeem the paper; second, that our gold is but little more than a fourth of all our circulation; third, that we have in circulation nearly twice as much paper as specie, and fourth, that more of our circulation is silver, or based on silver, than of gold.

Camp Meeting

At Dr. T. Jacobs' grove, east end of street car line. Rev. Headly and wife, of Caldwell, Ohio, who are conducting a successful revival at the Union Mission, 436 south Main street, will lead a one day campmeeting at the above grove Sunday, Aug. 16th. Preaching at 10:30 a. m.; Children's Meeting at 2 p. m., preaching again at 3 p. m., followed by an old-fashioned testimony meeting. Come and spend with us the day.

A HUGE JOKE

Was the Republican Club's Turnout for Columbus this Morning.

The departure of the Republican club for Columbus this morning was a huge joke. The frantic efforts of President Fletcher and Jim Halfhill to drum up a crowd were pathetic. Very low rates were offered over the Ohio Southern for persons from Lima who wished to go to Columbus, but all the eloquence of the gentlemen in charge and the noise of the drum corps, and all the inducements of free car fare only brought out about two dozen persons who donned the white caps and went down to help open the campaign. It was most disgusting to Jim and Sam that the crowd was so small that they were ashamed to march to the depot, but such was the condition, so the drum corps, the band and the two dozen citizens afoot were bundled into a street car and carried over to the depot.

STILL IN HOC.

The Two Suspicious Tramps who were Arrested Yesterday.

Jesse Starr and Joseph Williams, the two persons arrested yesterday on suspicion of having in their possession a package of cutlery, and for which they could give no good account, still remain behind the bars of the city prison, awaiting instructions which the chief is expecting from Orrville. A telegram was received this morning from M. A. Stalv, the Pennsylvania detective at Crestline, which stated that a merchant at Orrville had been robbed of a lot of cutlery and that the merchant had been wired of the arrest of the suspects at Lima. The men arrested are no doubt crooks wanted somewhere and remain very reticent concerning themselves.

We Can Force Them.

Hon. Moreton Frewen, B. A., the noted English economist, closes a recent letter to G. G. Merrick of Denver with these words: "The Rothschilds here, the wealthy investors in every capital in Europe, could not afford to sit still and see your country 'go it alone.' Europe will respond to your spirited initiative. If the United States pledges itself to immediate free coinage, I emphatically believe that M. Meline, on behalf of France, will offer free mintage. We here are pledged to reopen the Indian mints, while the delegates to the recent conference at Brussels, which I attended, gave us every encouragement to hope that Germany, Austria and Russia would, in the event of free coinage in the United States and France, agree to purchase a large quantity of silver annually to swell their legal tender money—to purchase it, I may add, if they can get hold of the metal at all."

If a government contract a debt with a certain amount of money in circulation, and then contracts the money volume before the debt is paid, it is the most heinous crime a nation can commit against a people.—Abraham Lincoln.

The Duke of Edinburgh has an annual allowance of £25,000 per annum.

The salaries of the queen's household amount to £131,260.

PECULIAR ACCIDENT.

A Wapakoneta Lady May Die From Loss of Blood.

While Mrs. Edward Fisher was getting her milk in a glass pitcher from the milkman the horse took fright and the pitcher was struck by the wheels and broken. Her wrist was almost severed, and it took 25 stitches to sew it up. She is in a precarious condition from loss of blood.

Will Picnic Tuesday.

The Berean and Hope Baptist Sunday school will have their picnic on Tuesday, August 18th, at Hover's Lake. As admission this year is by tickets only, all scholars and their friends will secure their tickets at the schools on Sunday, or at Mrs. Massey's, corner Forest avenue and Second street, opposite the school. Teams will be at the Armory at 8:30 a. m. and at the Hope school at 9 a. m. The cost of conveyance for the round trip will be adults ten cents and children five cents.

AMONG THE RAILROADS.

Auditor Hathaway and General Manager Beser left this morning with the Lima Northern pay car.

The recent decision of one of the courts to the effect that the passenger conductor on a train can decline to accept a mileage book for fare if not in the hands of the real purchaser, but must not take it up—simply make the passenger pay his fare—has greatly simplified matters with the ticket scalpers, and they are again doing about the usual amount of business.

Indianapolis *Journal*.—"The Panhandle is experiencing quite a boom in business. In the thirty hours ending at noon Monday there were handled between Columbus and Pittsburg ninety sections of trains, containing 2,210 cars. During that period 100 cars of live stock, ninety of dressed meats and fifty of fruits and vegetables were delivered at Pittsburg, and there is quite a heavy movement of grain."

It is said that the Pennsylvania people are figuring on one of the largest interlocking plants in the United States for Logansport, Ind., on the Chicago division of the Pabandle. At that point the Chicago division the Peoria Division and the Chicago cut-off intersect, and the Michigan division of the Vandalia, and the Toledo and Detroit divisions of the Wabash intersect with the main line to St. Louis. The specifications as already planned call for an immense tower with an installation of 128 levers, which will be the largest installation in this country. As an interlocking plant generally costs about $160 for each lever, exclusive of the tower, the entire bost of the Logansport plant will exceed $25,000.

Hand Bruised.

Switchman Ackron, who is employed in the C., H. & D. yards, met with a painful accident last evening about 9 o'clock. He was in the act of coupling a string of cars. His hand was caught between the bumpers and pinched. The fish was badly bruised, but fortunately no bones were broken.

Ice Cream and Cake.

The Y. P. C. U. of the U. B. church will give ice cream and cake Saturday evening, August 15th, in the Ed Wise room, Lima House corner. It

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" " " 3.00 " " " 2.00
" " " 4 50 " " " 3.00
" " Ladies' 1.25 " Oxfords for..... .80
" " " 2.50 " " " 1.75
" " " 3.00 " " " 2.00

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NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

HOT WEATHER HOODOO

It Has Affected Trade Throughout the Country

NO STIMULATING SYMPTOMS

The Crops Have Sustained Serious Injuries and Labor Is Unemployed. Refusal of Commercial Loans by Banks.

NEW YORK, Aug 13.—R G Dun & Company's weekly review of trade says: The heat of hot weather has affected trade throughout the country and if the east speculative feeling was somewhat affected until Thursday by apprehension of the possible influence of the Bryan meeting. With cooler weather there came also on Thursday perception that the meeting would not affect business unfavorably. But other conditions were not stimulating.

According to government reports the crops have sustained serious injuries. Labor difficulties extend and the closing of establishments for want of work and the refusal of commercial loans by banks checked operations in many branches of industry and trade. The week therefore closes, as the last week did, with domestic business unusually dull for the season. Measured by clearing house exchanges it was 5 per cent smaller than in the same week of 1892, the last year of full business at this season.

The government crop report for August was so gloomy that a great rise in prices would have followed if it had been entirely credited. In fact, wheat rose about ½ cent, but again declined, closing only a fraction higher for the week. Corn declined throughout the week, closing over 1 cent lower.

Cotton advanced one-sixteenth because of continued reports of injury. It is wise to remember that the government accounts are based upon returns prior to the fearful spell of heat, and hence may be more nearly correct than they were when prepared. But official and unofficial estimates of great decrease in wheat yield are confronted with a movement from the farms of 3,560,741 bushels for the week, against 2,295,342 last year, and it scarcely seems reasonable to believe that 20,7000,000 bushels would have been marketed since July 1st this year, against 11,625,252 last year, if the yield had been smaller, with the price 9 cents lower than a year ago.

Iron production was reduced 20,764 tons weekly in July and has been further reduced since Aug. 1, while unsold stocks increased 25,192 tons in July. The stoppage of a large share of the Connellsville coke works and of many lake iron mines is a fair indication that the two combinations do not believe anything could be gained by reducing the prices of materials, and the main difficulty is obviously the extreme narrowness of demand for finished products, which is so small that most transactions are at some concessions even from the current low rates.

Failures for the week have been 208 in the United States against 196 last year, and 36 in Canada against 35 last year.

A MIDNIGHT CRIME.

A Little Girl Taken From Her Bed and Outraged.

MOBILE, Aug 15.—A horrible sensation was made known here on the arrival of Rev Gardiner C. Tucker, one of Mobile's most prominent Episcopal clergymen, from Battles Wharf, where the family had been for the summer.

His little 5-year old child was taken from her bed at midnight and carried, still asleep, on the breast of a man, supposed to be white, who took her into the woods and horribly outraged her, afterward bringing her back and depositing his bleeding burden on the porch.

Took Her Savings.

WINCHESTER, O., Aug 15.—Ernest Gillespie, an 18-year old son of Mrs Charles Gillespie, living near Dodsonville, is wanted by the officers on a warrant sworn out by Mrs. Gillespie charging him with stealing $300. The money was hidden in an old trunk in the cellar of the Gillespie homestead. Gillespie is also charged by his mother with taking $98 on July 20.

A Cycle Company Fails.

MILWAUKEE, Aug 15.—Sheriff Armour seized the properties of the Telegram Cycle Manufacturing company upon judgments in cognovit aggregating $52,404. The failure was precipitated by the failure of S F. Myers & Company of New York. Strange enough, the Myers failure was caused by the Telegram company.

Purses Increased.

NEW YORK, Aug 15.—At a meeting of the executive committee of the Driving club of New York it was decided to increase the purse for the free-for-all trot to $2,500 instead of $1,500, as had been previously announced. The free-for-all pace is also increased to $2,500.

Raccoon Creek Raised.

NEWARK, O., Aug 15.—A heavy rain storm raised Raccoon creek between Alexandria and Granville the highest it has ever been. Thousands of acres are under water from two to five feet deep.

An Old Maiden Dies.

CONNEAUT, O., Aug. 15.—Miss Della Bennett, 73, a maiden lady, was found dead sitting in a chair in her home at North Kingsville. She had apparently been dead for at least 48 hours.

Flowers and Babies.

RAVENNA, O., Aug 15.—The flower show in which every township in the county is taking an interest will last two days. The baby show and the band are two of the attractions.

Killed by a Sow.

MARION, O., Aug 15.—Mrs Belcher, residing south of here, was so badly attacked by a sow that she died of her injuries shortly afterward.

Fast but Not the Fastest.

FORT WAYNE, Aug 15.—Robert J went against time here in 2:08.

STORY OF ARCTIC EXPLORERS

The Meeting of Nansen and Jackson, the English Explorer.

[illegible] The tale of the Windward, the bark steamer [illegible] Franz Josef Land after taking supplies to the British north pole expedition commanded by Jackson and known as the Jackson Harmsworth expedition, filed a telegraphic message here describing the accidental meeting between Jackson and Dr Nansen.

It forms one of the most remarkable incidents in the history of Arctic exploration for it appears that the Norwegian explorer had been living in a hut quite close to one of the English explorer's stations for a long time previous to the meeting of the two men yet neither of them was aware of the other's presence in that vicinity.

In this message Jackson describes the accidental meeting with Dr Nansen while the latter was traversing the ice pack, and it appears that it was a lucky meeting for the Norwegian explorer, as the latter was misled, owing to inaccuracies in the map drawn by Prayer, the discoverer of Franz Josef Land, and also because Dr Nansen's two chronometers and his watch having stopped he was quite unable to establish his position, and was consequently trying to march westward to Spitzbergen over the ice pack, which was not only highly dangerous but probably impossible.

Jackson, after meeting Nansen, conducted the latter to Elmwood, the headquarters of the British expedition, where the doctor awaited the arrival of the Windward, which left the Thames on June 16 and Vardo on June 28 to take supplies to the Jackson expedition and not to bring them back, as currently reported.

Jackson, in the dispatch filed by the captain of the Windward, said: "On June 17 I met Dr Nansen three miles out on a floe s. e. of Cape Flora and under the most extraordinary circumstances. He had wintered in a rough hut within a mile or two of our northern limit in 1895, and this spring we unwittingly came within a few miles of his winter quarters."

Jackson then describes his own experiences in exploring the western parts of Franz Josef Land, telling how he has drawn extensive, accurate maps and has discovered new regions.

Dr. Nansen, in describing their life during the winter of 1895-96, said:

"When the bears' flesh had been exhausted we were obliged to kill the weakest dogs to feed the others, and continue thus until the whole pack had been slaughtered.

"Myself and my companions started in the direction of Spitzbergen on May 19. After that we occupied six weeks on snowshoes, dragging sledges and kayaks (the Arctic canoe), loaded on sledges, after us. We went partly over land and partly over sea ice.

"We reached Jackson's winter quarters, where we found all in good health. We remained there about six weeks till the steamer Windward arrived.

"I left The Fram in good condition and drifting, locked in the ice."

TINSDALL EXPELLED.

He Was Not True to Interests of Wheelmen's League.

LOUISVILLE, Aug 15.—The membership committee of the League of American Wheelmen held an important meeting at the Galt House, the occasion being the trial of Dr T W Tinsdall of New York on the charge of "conduct unbecoming a member of the League of American Wheelmen."

Tinsdall was chairman of a committee sent to Albany by the Cycling federation to work for the passage of a bill requiring railroads to carry bicycles as baggage.

The charges grew out of his conduct on this occasion, it being alleged that he was not faithful to the interests of the League of American Wheelmen. After a lengthy deliberation the committee expelled Tinsdall.

Troops In Pursuit.

WASHINGTON, Aug 15.—General Wheaton, commanding the department of Colorado, has telegraphed from Denver that troops from Fort Huachuca are now in pursuit of the Yaqui Indians who made the attack upon the Mexican portion of the town of Nogales.

ON THE DIAMOND.

The Great National Game as Played Yesterday—The Standing.

CLUB.	W	L	P C	CLUB.	W	L	P C
Baltimore	64	29	688	Philadel'a	43	50	462
Cin nati	65	30	657	Brooklyn	43	51	457
Cleveland	58	34	628	New York	41	55	427
Chicago	57	42	575	Wash ton	35	57	380
Pittsburg	53	41	563	St. Louis	39	64	311
Boston	51	44	536	Louisville	24	67	263

AT BOSTON— R H E.
Boston 0 0 2 0 0 0 2 0 *—4 7 2
New York 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 5 5
Batteries—Nichols and Ganzell, Clarke and Warner. Umpire—Sheridan.

AT PHILADELPHIA— R H E.
Philadelphia 3 2 0 3 0 0 2 4 0—14 16 1
Washington 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 5 5
Batteries—Gumbert and Clements, Abbey, Flynn, German, McGuire and McCauley. Umpire—Conaham.

AT PITTSBURG— R H E.
Pittsburg 3 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 *—6 11 0
Cleveland 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0—2 6 2
Batteries—Hawley and Merritt, Young and Zimmer. Umpire—Hurst.

AT LOUISVILLE— R H E.
Louisville 0 0 0 3 1 0 1 0 *—5 8 3
Chicago 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 1—4 10 3
Batteries—Frazer and Dexter, Griffith and Kittredge. Umpires—Lally and Emslie.

Postponed.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn-Baltimore game postponed, rain.

Western League.

At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 1, Indianapolis 7.
At Detroit—Detroit, 7, Columbus, 4.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 12, St Paul 0.

Interstate League.

At Toledo—Toledo 7, Youngstown 5.
At Wheeling—Wheeling, 4, Fort Wayne 5.

Turf Winners.

At Cincinnati—Lismore, Isabel, Pessy, La Wanda, Little Walter.
At Fort Wayne—Dan T, West Wilkes, Sphinxetta, Franklin, Atlantic King, Piletta.
At New York—Crimea, Leonore, Galilee, Lehman, Remp, Red Pat.
At Detroit—Florence S, Brown Girl, Sykeston, Sutton, Baldur, Anna Mayer.
At St. Louis—Susie P, Conti, Kate Fisher, Cella, Topmast, Hillsboro.

Weather Indications.

For West Virginia—Fair, warmer; southerly winds.

For Ohio—Generally fair, possibly local thunderstorms along the lakes, warmer, light to fresh southwesterly winds.

For Indiana—Fair, probably preceded by local thunderstorms in northern portions, southerly winds; warmer.

NEW YORK IN THE REVOLUTION

The Part Taken by What Was Not Then the Empire State.

The population of the state of New York at the beginning of the Revolutionary war is less than one million, and New York was sixth on the list of states in respect of population. Virginia ranks first with more than 700,000 inhabitants, Pennsylvania second, North Carolina third, Massachusetts fourth and Maryland fifth. After New York came South Carolina, then Connecticut, with New Jersey not very far behind. Not only was New York precluded by the sparseness of its population from participating very actively in the patriot uprising, but other conditions were also adverse to such a course. The city of New York, the main city of the New York colony, was Tory in its sympathies, and the population of the colony was distributed along the Hudson river, the western part of the state, remote from the interference of the British ships, being a huge forest. Nevertheless and despite these disadvantages 2,075 American patriot soldiers were enlisted in New York for service in the war, Virginia's quota at the beginning of hostilities in 1775 being 3,100, North Carolina's 2,000 and Georgia's 1,000. The two states which came forward most actively with volunteer soldiers after the firing of the shot at Lexington "which was heard all around the world" were Massachusetts with 16,000 troops and South Carolina with 4,000. Pennsylvania at the beginning of the war was very tardy in coming forward. It lagged behind the other colonies with less than 500 recruits.

A short time ago a request for the loan of the Revolutionary muster of New York state was made by the Washington war department through Governor Morton to the state board of regents and was refused. The request was made by Lieutenant Colonel Ainsworth, who has charge of collecting Revolutionary data for the national government, and was referred to the regents, because they are custodians of the state's Revolutionary records. The regents agreed to allow Lieutenant Colonel Ainsworth access to these muster rolls if he would send a corps of persons to Albany to copy them. The regents of the New York university are, by a law passed in 1844, not only the custodians of the state library, but of the state museum as well, and upon them depends the protection of the state's archives.

In the second year of the Revolutionary war New York's addition to the quota of troops was 8,000, and in all there were 35,000 enlistments in New York. One of the most important battles of the war of the Revolution, the battle of Saratoga, in October, 1777, was fought within the boundaries of New York, and ten days later Burgoyne's surrender took place at Saratoga. From that time on much of the fighting was done in New York, and the New York soldiers took a very active part. The culminating scenes of the war, however, were in Virginia rather than in New York, and in the subsequent legislative proceedings taken to found the republic on a firm basis and provide for the presidential succession New York took a much less active part than either Virginia, Massachusetts or Pennsylvania. Several New York men, however, distinguished themselves as commanders in the Revolutionary army, and before the next succeeding foreign war, that of 1812, New York, with a population of 1,000,000, stood first among the states, a position of supremacy it has never lost since.—New York Sun.

The Traveler's Right to Fresh Air.

A wise justice at Lyons, in Wayne county, has decided that a railway in this state is bound to carry fresh air free as well as bicycles. A woman traveling on a train complained that the air in the car was bad. The conductor tried to open the window in the usual way, but was unable to do so and refused to get a crowbar to pry it open, whereupon the suffering woman smashed the glass with her parasol. The conductor then had her taken into custody on a charge of insanity. A doctor examined her and pronounced her rational. Her defense was that she had paid for her transportation and was entitled to fresh air with it. The justice thought so, too, and discharged her. It is possible that this precedent may cause all the railway companies considerable trouble. If it be good law that when car windows are not in working order the passenger may smash the glass, better care will be taken to see that all the windows in the cars can be readily moved up and down.—Auburn Advertiser.

Wonderful Figures on Sunlight.

From a comparison of the relative intensity of solar, lunar and artificial light, as determined by Professors Euler and Wollaston, it appears that the rays of the sun have an illuminating power that is wonderful in the extreme. According to their deductions, the illuminating power of the "great day star" is equal to that of 14,600 candles at a [illegible]

[illegible] Louis Republic.

SPLITTING LEGAL HAIRS

Tale by a Philadelphia Lawyer Which Would Puzzle One to Decide.

This is an offer [illegible] told by a well known lawyer in the course of a discussion illustrative of legal [illegible] that may arise even in the everyday [illegible] of the most [illegible] kind.

There were once four brothers, who had inherited a storage warehouse from their father and who equally divided the property among them. Among the apparatus left to them was a cat, a [illegible] animal [illegible] for mousing, and this, too, was divided, the elder brother owning the right front quarter, the second brother the left front quarter and the younger brothers the two hind quarters. Now, unfortunately, the cat in one of its nocturnal prowls injured the right front paw, and the elder brother attended to that portion of his property by binding the injured member with a greased rag. The cat, thankful for this relief to its suffering, went to sleep contentedly before the fire, but in the midst of its slumbers a falling coal ignited the rag, and the animal, howling with agony, dashed through the warehouse, and, coming in contact with some combustibles, set the building on fire.

When the loss came to be figured out, the three younger brothers wished to throw it all upon the elder, upon the ground that had he not tied up his part of the cat with the inflammable rag the building would not have been destroyed. He, on the contrary, contended that had the cat only been possessed of the front right paw—his property—it would have stood still and burned to death. It was the three other paws that caused the damage. The brothers argued the case until they died, but could never reach an agreement.—Philadelphia Record.

THE OLDEST KNOWN BIRD

It Had Teeth In Its Jaws and Was Otherwise Elegant.

"The Solenhofen slate of Bavaria," writes Professor H G Seeley in his recent little volume, "The Story of the Earth In Past Ages," "makes known numerous insects and other forms of terrestrial life of this period, including the oldest known bird. A bird is known by its feathers, though there is no reason why the covering to the skin should not be as variable in this group of animals as among reptiles or mammals. It is, therefore, remarkable that the oldest known bird, the archæopteryx, has feathers as well developed as in the existing representatives of the class and similarly arranged.

"The animal is an elegant, slender bird, which is chiefly remarkable for showing teeth in the jaws. About 12, short and conical, occur on each side of the upper jaw. The bird was larger than the robin in its body and had a tail of which there was a bony core some six inches in length. The wings were quite as well developed as the legs, and there are some evidences that the former could be applied to the ground, as are the fore legs or quadrupeds, although the feathers show the wings to have been constructed on the same plan as the birds of to-day. The Solenhofen stone, in which so many of the remains of fishes, reptiles and insects are found, is the same as that used for lithographic purposes, being of exceeding close texture and of remarkable smoothness when prepared for its work."

When His Nerve Failed.

The cruelties of the French revolution lose nothing by the manner in which Baron Ferdinand Rothschild has described them in his book.

"By far the most wantonly savage of the Republican commissioners was Lebon, who exercised the powers of a proconsul at Arras. The Marquis de Vielfort was lying bound under the knife of the guillotine when Lebon, who was looking on from the balcony of a neighboring house, made a sign to suspend the execution. The mob, fancying he meant to pardon the condemned man, were greatly surprised at such unwonted clemency on his part. Lebon however, took a newspaper from his pocket, read out a long account of a victory the Republican army had just gained and ended by shouting to the marquis, Villain, go and inform your friends of the news of our victories.

"Michelet relates that a man known for his colossal strength and iron nerve bet that he would stand by and see the executions from first to last without faltering. For some time he unflinchingly bore the sight, but when a young girl named Nicolet, a mere child, stepped forward, lay down on the plank and gently asked the executioner, 'Am I right this way?' his brain reeled and he dropped in a dead faint."

A Two Headed Turtle.

L. E Hudson tells Gameland about a freak turtle he found on the shores of Lake Ontario among a lot of newly hatched turtles.

This turtle was just emerging from its shell. There were two heads and two necks to it, and each head was apparently independent of the other, and each seemed to have contrary ideas as to the proper way to go. Both heads would be asleep, when one would wake up and start the body off according to its own ideas. That would rouse the other head, and then there would be a mix up of motions. It died after awhile.

When Reed Was Most Convincing.

Tom Reed's short speeches in opposition to McKinley's nomination were more entertaining and convincing than his labored efforts in favor of election.

WATCHING LONDON PAPERS

Scotland Yard Detectives Look Carefully Over the Advertising Columns.

There is one official at Scotland Yard who is not little known to the public, but who, all the same, works very hard and successfully for the public good by closely scanning day in and day out the advertisements appearing in every London newspaper.

This official's primary duty is to keep a bright lookout for the very numerous swindling class which advertises for managers and so on prepared to invest money, but, quite beyond this, he in the most careful manner notes all the advertisements that strike him as being in any way suspicious, handing them over to the heads of different departments. He is himself an expert in all matters that deal with cipher writing, and part of his duty is to translate every cipher that may appear, handing over a copy of his translation to active members of the staff when anything is revealed that justifies such a course.

The writer had the privilege the other day of a short chat with this official—a bright young fellow, speaking several languages, who said:

"I am afraid that I am not allowed to tell you much, but I may say that no day ever passes without my handing over some advertisement for inquiry. Our scrutiny in this way has become very keen recently, for it is an open secret that certain foreign catch advertisement swindlers are expected here again ere long.

"Besides, there have been exposed in court many cases of swindling recently which have depended solely on alluring advertisements. In two of them I gave warning long ago but no prosecutor would come forward. Were I allowed to do so I could show you hundreds of most mysterious cipher advertisements in the book over there, the bulk of these, of course, being between lovers, but many of them containing warnings from one educated swindler to another.

"Of course, you know that thieves even are all specialists nowadays and it is surprising how soon a bogus advertisement swindler gets to work again in the same direction when he is released from jail. I am advised of the release of these men, and the characteristics of their style are soon observable again in the advertisement columns.

"We, as a rule, warn them at once that we recognize the new plant, and in this way hundreds of warnings are sent out yearly and do an amount of good that the public knows nothing of. My duty is very monotonous, and I dare not even get a single edition behindhand."—London Tit Bits.

Keeping the Fourth of July.

Mr Stead, in his proposal that the English nation should join with the United States in celebrating the Fourth of July, is not quite original. A story is told in San Francisco of a captain of a tramp steamer who in his search after cargo, was continually inside the Golden gate and so continually in hot water with all the harbor and waterside authorities. His dislike and abhorrence of the states were commonly known.

All the greater, then, was the surprise when the Fourth of July revealed his vessel adorned with every flag on board. The very day before he had been fined for some infraction of the law and had gone out of court speechless. The news of his repentance spread like wildfire, and a reporter went in a hurry to interview him.

"Well, captain," said he, "what does this mean? We understood that you had no love for us."

The ancient mariner shook his head. "And no more I haven't, young man," he replied. "Don't you make no mistake. This here vessel is flagged up to celebrate the day on which we got rid of your most infernal country."—Pearson's Weekly.

Modern Noah In the Black Hills.

At the mouth of Whiteall gulch, in the Black hills of South Dakota, a man 80 years old is building an ark the purpose of which he refuses to state further than that he expects to float it. The dimensions are 40 feet long, 15 feet wide and 5 feet deep. As there has never been known to be water in that section to float the strange craft there is a great deal of speculation as to its purpose. From the actions and remarks of the old man it is thought he is looking for a second deluge and intends to be prepared for it. His ark is a great curiosity to the residents of that section.—Chicago Times-Herald.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

In all mythology and folklore white flowers are supposed to spring from tears.

The only colored ossified man was Lucius Moore of Virginia, who first went on exhibition in 1890.

It is considered that Japanese men are among the best needle workers in the world, their only equals being the women of Russia.

The longest underground thoroughfare in England is at Coxhill Derbyshire, where you can walk seven miles upon a road connecting with several coal mines.

That

Extreme tired feeling afflicts nearly everybody at this season. The hustlers cease to push, the tireless grow weary, the energetic become enervated. You know what we mean. Some men and women endeavor temporarily to overcome that

Tired

Feeling by great force of will. But this is unsafe, as it pulls powerfully upon the nervous system, which will not long stand such strain. Too many people "work on their nerves," and the result is seen in unfortunate wrecks marked "nervous prostration," in every direction. That tired

Feeling

is a positive proof of thin, weak and impure blood; for, if the blood is rich, red, vitalized and vigorous, it imparts life and energy to every nerve, organ and tissue of the body. The necessity of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for that tired feeling is, therefore, apparent to every one and the good it will do you is equally beyond question. Remember that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

WINONA LAKE EXCURSIONS.

Special Rates via Pennsylvania Lines for Winona Assembly.

Season excursion tickets to Winona Lake (formerly Eagle Lake, Ind.) will be sold by Pennsylvania Lines on and after June 21st. The return limit will include Oct 31st, allowing a season's sojourn at this delightful resort. Special low rate tickets, good returning fifteen days from date of sale, will also be sold during the months of June, July and August.

Winona Lake is the site of Winona Assembly which affords notable opportunities for recreation, instruction, entertainment and devotion. The Assembly grounds, comprising over 200 acres surround the Lake, a beautiful sheet of clear water near Warsaw, Ind., on the Fort Wayne Route. Many pretty cottages have been erected on the grounds which are nicely shaded. The improvements include a fine park, bicycle track and ball ground, with a large amphitheater, an auditorium seating over 5,000 persons, college halls, hotel, restaurants, and supply stores. Rates for entertainment at the hotel and boarding houses will be found very reasonable. The fishing is fine, and the large fleet of row boats and steamers afford facilities for delightful boating. The summer school will be in session from July 24th to August 14th in charge of Dr. John M. Coulter. In August a Bible Conference will be held under the direction of Dr. J. Wilbur Chapman. Well-known educators and lecturers will take part in the educational work. Time may be pleasantly and profitably passed at this pleasant resort, and body and mind invigorated by health giving recreation and instructive entertainment.

For rates and information about train facilities apply to Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines, or address F. Van Dusen, Chief Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa. For information concerning the Assembly address Rev. R. V. Hunter, Eagle Lake P. O., Ind.

Look Out for Your Nose.

Little Girl—"How did you scratch your nose?"

Wheelman—"Bicycling."

Little Girl (thoughtfully)—"You shouldn't ride with your nose so close to the ground."—*Punch.*

Why continue to pass your nights in scratching and your days in misery? Doan's Ointment brings instant relief and permanently cures even the worst cases of Itching Piles. It never fails.

YOU ought to know that when suffering from any kidney trouble that a safe, sure remedy is Foley's Kidney Cure. Guaranteed or money refunded. H F Vorhkamp, cor Main and [illegible]rth streets.

G. A. R. AT ST. PAUL.

Special Rates via Pennsylvania Lines for National Encampment.

August 30th and 31st and September 1st are the dates upon which low rate round trip tickets to St Paul will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines the short route through Chicago. Tickets will be good returning until September 15th inclusive, and if deposited with the Joint agent at St Paul on or before September 15th the return limit will be extended to include September 30th. The rates for this occasion will be exceptionally low via Pennsylvania Lines, the only system of railways over which trains run from Western Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio and Indiana to Chicago Union Station, the natural gateway from these States to the Northwest. Daily trains from Pittsburgh, Columbus, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Louisville make convenient connection at Chicago with St Paul trains. Arrangements may be made by G A R Posts or parties of friends to travel together on special trains or special cars that will go through from starting point to the Encampment, without change, if the number justifies it. Information on the subject will be cheerfully furnished by representatives of the Pennsylvania Lines. The person to address at Lima, Ohio, is Ticket Agent H B. Oyler.

Aug tu th s

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

MAKE UP CAMPAIGN CLUBS.

THE MONEY QUESTION,

FREE COINAGE OF SILVER,

BIMETALLISM

THE GREAT ISSUE OF TO-DAY.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES-DEMOCRAT!

Is the Best Educator On the Subject.

KEEP POSTED.

ONLY 25 CENTS FOR

The Campaign, From Now Until Nov. 15.

SUBSCRIBE NOW.

Address TIMES-DEMOCRAT CO. LIMA, OHIO.

KEEP : COOL

And Use the

KELLY SHOWER BATH RING

—AND—

Hot Water Proof Hose.

Prevents wetting the head and floor

$2 EXPRESS AD 25c.

Agents wanted in every city who can place 10 lots or more. Send for catalogue. Frost Proof Water Closets Self Acting Water Closets, Kelly Stop and Waste Cock

THOS. KELLY & BROS.

200 Madison Street, Chicago.

NO. 54.

...t side Public Square First class Barber Shop Ladies and Children's Haircutting ...e to order Special room for ladies' hair ...ssing

A G LUTZ, Proprietor

MONEY TO LOAN SILVER AND GOLD!

If you want to borrow money on good ...y, don't fail to see me as I can save ...money. Be sure and see me

J. H. WILKINS,

9 10 Opera Block, 2nd floor, Lima, Ohio

&sem tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

I have money to loan on good city and ...n property in sums to suit at lowest terms ...rates of interest No delay. Give me a ...before making arrangements elsewhere

W. H WALLACE,

Room 6, Second Floor Homes Block.

27 tf

Cementing Broken Glass.

To cement broken glass dissolve a ...tle isinglass in master varnish ...e the least possible quantity

Every day symptoms of digestive ...orders—acid stomach, distress ...er eating, burning at pit of ...omach, dull, heavy feeling—Burdock Blood Bitters never fail to cor...t any troubles of this sort

Hot Weather Rules.

In warm weather bowel complaints ...quently result from over eating or ...er drinking. Foley's Colic and ...arrhœa Cure affords perfect pro...tion from all bowel derangements ...d is guaranteed. H. F Vortkamp, ... Main and North streets.

LOCAL TIME CARD

Giving time of departure of trains from the various depots at Lima. Corrected June 22, 1896

P, Ft. W & C R R.

No 4—Going East, Daily			7 45 a m
" 36— "			8 30 a m
" 20— "		ex Sunday	3 15 p m
" 6— "			9 30 p m
" 2— "		Limited	10 50 p m
" 39—Going West.	"	ex Sunday.	9 25 a m
" 9— "			2 50 p m
" 31— "			4 44 p m
" 15— "			2 05 a m
" 5 "	"	Limited	3 33 a m

C, H & D R.

No 12—Going North, daily			1 45 a m
" 14— "		Daily	5 20 a m
" 2— "		daily ex Sunday	8 25 a m
" 6— "	"		12 45 p m
" 8— "	"	ex Sunday	5 05 p m
" 4— "			6 55 p m
" 10— "		ex Sun arrive	6 35 p m
" 60— "		Sunday only	7 45 a m
" 62— "		arrive	10 30 p m
" —Going South		daily	3 05 a m
" 11— "		ex Sunday	5 45 a m
" 1— "	"		9 20 a m
" 5— "	"		1 05 p m
" 3— "			4 10 p m
" 9— "			6 1 p m
" 13— "		arrive daily	10 15 p m
" 61— "		Sunday only	7 15 a m

L E & W R R.

No 5—Going East, daily ex. Sunday			7 20 a m
" 4— "	"	"	1 40 p m
" 3— "	"	"	7 30 p m
		Sunday only	7 00 a m
		Return	9 40 p m
" 1—	West		9 55 a m
" 7— "			4 50 p m
" 8— "	"	"	2 45 a m

O & E. R. R

Local—Going East daily ex Sunday			7 00 a m
No 2— "		"	3 40 p m
" 8— "			9 02 p m.
" 13— "	"	"	2 46 a m
Local— "	West,	"	7 05 a m
No 1— "	"	"	9 23 a m
" 5— "			11 23 a m
" 3— "	"	"	12 47 p m
15 "	"	Monday	5 40 p m

OHIO SOUTHERN

Leaves		Arrives
8 20 a m	Daily, except Sunday	12:15 noon
40 p m	" "	5 45 p m

LIMA NORTHERN

GOING NORTH

No 2—Express leaves	10 a m
No 18—Local	10 30 a m
No 4—Express,	10 p m

GOING SOUTH

No 1—Express, arrives	8 20 a m
No 19—Local	4 30 p m
No 3—Express,	8 00 p m

Struck It the First Time

"So you have written a novel?"

"Yes."

"Has your heroine satin skin, velvet eyelashes and hair like threads of spun gold?"

"Yes."

"Is her name Gwendoline?"

"It is."

"Then I don't see why it should not be a success."—London Answers.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The intense itching and smarting incident to eczema, tetter, salt rheum, and other diseases of the skin is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples, chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites, and chronic sore eyes. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

Try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders, they are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge.

CREATED A SENSATION

Suicide of Count Arthur Pallavicini is on Every Tongue.

BUDAPEST, Aug 15—In social and other circles little else is talked of here than the romantic suicide of Count Arthur Pallavicini, a lieutenant of Hussars. The lieutenant, a handsome young fellow, only 21 years of age, became greatly attached to Miss Ethel Barrison one of the five Barrison sisters, the well known variety artists whose doings in New York and Berlin have attracted so much attention and whose scandalous conduct in Berlin brought upon them an order of expulsion from Germany.

Count Pallavicini sought in every way possible to induce Miss Ethel to return his love but she only laughed at his protests of affection, and apparently paid no heed to his threats to end his life if she did not alter her manner toward him. On Tuesday Count Pallavicini was found dead, having committed suicide by shooting himself with a revolver. In his left hand was a photograph of Miss Ethel and a slip of paper, on which the unfortunate young man had written, "I beg Miss Ethel Barrison to come to my coffin and press a kiss upon it."

The strange features of the case naturally aroused much comment which was not in any way favorable to the American music hall artists, and nobody believed that Miss Ethel would grant her lover's last request. But, contrary to expectation, she appeared at the funeral dressed in the deepest mourning.

The affair has caused a revival of all the stories in which the Barrison sisters have figured, including the elopement of one of the sisters with Count Barnstoff of New York. Then it is recalled that in February last Count Von Wedel, a young officer in the German army, was arrested for having pawned jewelry which he had purchased on installments.

The disclosures which soon followed showed that the young man had spent quite a fortune on the Barrison sisters, and that when his money became exhausted he obtained funds in the manner indicated in order to spend it upon them.

THREE MEN SHOT.

Deadly Conflict Between the Brown Strikers and Nonunion Men.

CLEVELAND, Aug 15—Three men were shot and one badly hurt in a conflict which occurred between a party of the Brown & Company strikers and several nonunion men who were going home from the works.

Two of the wounded men are nonunionists, the third is a striker and the fourth a spectator. The names of the injured are J W Caldwell of Kenmore street, nonunion, shot in the thigh and struck on the head with a billy; George Plumb of Vanness avenue, nonunion, shot through the abdomen, will probably recover; Thomas Evans of Kirtland street, a striker, shot in the back, badly hurt and may die; William Lawrey of Giddings avenue a bystander, struck in the face with a telegraph insulator and badly hurt.

The trouble occurred nearly two miles from the works, at the corner of Wade Park and East Madison avenues. A number of the nonunionists live in that vicinity. Eight or 10 of them were going home from the works together. Just as they turned the corner a crowd of strikers who had been in hiding behind a saloon attacked them. Stones were hurled, and George Plumb, one of the nonunionists, pulled a revolver and fired. Plumb was then shot, as he claims, by Henry Snell, a striker.

The firing became general, at least 20 shots having been exchanged. The fight lasted but a few minutes and as soon as it was over the strikers disappeared. The police had not anticipated trouble in that quarter and it was some time before they had arrived on the scene and began an investigation. Ambulances took the injured men to hospitals or their homes and the search for the men who did the shooting was begun.

Extended to Pittsburg

CLEVELAND, Aug 15—The Brown company strike has been extended to Pittsburg. The strikers learned a few days ago that the Schaife Foundry and Machine company of Pittsburg was doing work for the Brown company and they sent a representative there. He sent back word that he would probably succeed in getting the pattern makers machinists and iron molders of the Schaife company to strike.

NEARLY DROWNED

Foreman Morley Is Knocked Into the Water by an Angry Striker.

BEREA, O, Aug 15—A foreman in quarry No 7, Amos Morley was nearly murdered by George Bownskonski, one of the Polish quarrymen recently out on a strike. Morley is hated by the former strikers, especially those for whom work has not yet been found. A few days ago dynamite was discovered under his house.

Bownskonski applied for work and upon being told there was none struck Morley on the head with a shovel, knocking him into deep water in the quarry. Morley tried to climb out but the Pole held his head under water with the shovel and would have drowned him had not some of the quarrymen ran to his aid. Bownskonski fled but was easily found by an officer and arrested without resistance.

NANSEN'S THEORY GROUNDLESS

Commodore Melville Says There Is No Polar Drift.

WASHINGTON, Aug 15—Without questioning the accuracy of the reports that come by cable from Norway announcing the return of the Arctic explorer Nansen, safely from his novel and adventurous voyage in the Fram, Commodore Melville, engineer in chief of the navy, who was a member of the ill-fated Jeanette party which served as the pattern for Nansen's attempt upon the north pole holds that the result of the explorer's voyage, as now understood here, clearly proves Nansen's theory of Polar drift to be groundless.

Mr. Bryan Will Rest.

NEW YORK Aug 15—Mr and Mrs Bryan have gone to Irvington on the Hudson, where they will remain until next Monday as the guests of John Brisben Walker, editor of The Cosmopolitan. From Irvington they will proceed to Upper Red Tower where they will be entertained by Mr and Mrs J. C. Perrine for about a week. Mrs Perrine was formerly Mr. Bryan's school teacher. For a week or two longer Mr Bryan will rest except for the preparation of his letter of acceptance. It is expected that he will speak at Buffalo Aug 27, and at Erie, Pa, two days later.

Opposed to Another Ticket.

LINCOLN, Neb, Aug 15—Whatever the gold standard Democrats may do at Indianapolis it is quite evident that the state of Nebraska will not put up any gold standard Democratic electors. It is well known that Tobias Castor, N S Harwood, A J Sawyer and John A E Ames of Lincoln, D T Cook of Beatrice and other gold standard men are opposed to any such move. They contend that such action would help Bryan more than McKinley.

Robbed a Bank.

MONTPELIER, Ia, Aug 15—Three masked men rode into town on horseback stopping in front of the bank of Montpelier. They dismounted and compelled six men who were standing in front of the bank to go inside. Two of them covered the men with revolvers, while the third went behind the counter and crammed all the cash in sight—about $10,000—into their sacks. The robbers then mounted horses and rode out of town.

Chunks of Ice Fell.

DES MOINES, Aug 15—There was a very heavy rain at Adel, Ia, Thursday night accompanied by hail. The corn in that section is nearly ruined. The hailstones are said to have measured four inches—in fact large chunks of ice fell. Hundreds of English sparrows were killed and windowglass was broken throughout the town.

Freight Train Wrecked

CINCINNATI, Aug. 15—By the falling of a drawbar the caboose of a northbound freight on the Louisville and Nashville road, near Morris Station, Ky, was thrown from the track and down an embankment. Joshua Wright, a brakeman, was instantly killed, and John Shieger, another brakeman, was fatally injured.

Oratorical Honors.

LEBANON, Ind, Aug 15—First honors in the graduates' oratorical contest of the Boone county schools was won by Alonzo J Nay of Jefferson township. His subject was "Development of the United States Educational Ideas."

Condition of Apple Crop.

WASHINGTON, Aug 15—The agricultural department reports that the general condition of apples advanced during July from 64 6 to 65 7. This general average covers all kinds of apples, early and late, in all sections of the country.

A Brakeman Injured.

WABASH Ind, Aug 15—George Harris, a brakeman on the Big Four railway, was run over and fatally injured at Bolivar.

Killed by a Train.

MIDDLETOWN, O, Aug 15—An unknown man, aged about 60, threw himself in front of a train and was cut to pieces.

Deed of a Desperado.

BLOCTON, Ala, Aug 15—Bart Thrasher killed Deputy Sheriff Griffin Bass, and swears he will kill all officers who were with the posse who killed Elisha Bass, a notorious outlaw. Bart will be killed by a posse. He defies arrest.

Jilted by Her Lover.

GREENVILLE, O, Aug 15—Clara Hayes, a young girl of this city, took six grains of morphine with suicidal intent. She was jilted by her lover, Harry Simons of Union City.

Hit With an Ax.

KEARTOWN, O, Aug 15—During a fight about children Daniel McCarty and son shot George Marshall in the head and hand, while Mrs McCarty struck him with an ax.

Pitcher Flynn's Victory.

CINCINNATI, Aug 15—Pitcher Flynn was given judgment here for $300 back salary against the New York Baseball club.

Just a Kit Previous.

OXFORD, C Aug 15—Mrs Mary A Thomson died and her will was probated before the funeral took place, so anxious were her heirs to get hold of her property.

MARKET REPORTS

Grain and Stock Quotations For Aug 14

New York.

Beef—Family $2 50@9 00, extra mess $7 00@7 50, packet $7 50@9 00. Cut meats—Pickled bellies 4½@5½c, pickled shoulders 4½@4¾c, pickled hams 8¼@10c. Lard—Western steam $3 90. Pork—Old mess $8 00@8 75, family $9 50@10 25, short clear $8 50@10 00.

Butter—Western dairy, 9@12c, do creamery 11½@16c, do factory 7@10c, Elgins 18c, imitation creamery 9½@12c. Cheese—State large 5@7½c, small 5½@8c, part skims 2@3c, full skims 1½@2c. Eggs—State and Pennsylvania 18@13½c, western fresh 11@11½c.

Wheat—68¾ Corn—28⅝c Rye—37c Oats—11½c

Chicago

Cattle—Fair to best beeves, $3 10@4 45, stockers and feeders $2 30@3 60, mixed cows and bulls $1 25@4 15, Texans, $2 50@3 05, western $2 75@3 75.

Hogs—Light $3 05@3 35, rough packing and shipping $2 60@2 80, mixed and butchers $2 90@3 25, heavy packing and shipping, $2 60@3 15, pigs $2 25@3 25.

Sheep—Natives $3 70@3 70, western $3 70@4 00, Texans $3 60@3 70, Lambs—4 00@4 45.

Wheat—54½c Corn—22½@22½c Oats—16⅝ Rye—40½c

Pittsburg

Cattle—Prime $4 25@4 40, fair to good butchers $4 00@4 20, bulls cows and stags $2 00@3 50.

Hogs—Heavy $3 00@3 10, medium, $3 40@3 45, pigs $3 45.

Sheep and Lambs—Choice sheep $3 90@4 60, common $2 00@2 50, choice lambs $4 75@5 25, export $3 60@3 80.

Buffalo.

Cattle—Market steady.

Hogs—Yorkers $3 40@3 45, roughs common to good $3 30@3 50, mixed and butchers $3 25@3 40, pigs $3 30@3 45.

Sheep and Lambs—Extras $2 00@2 15, good to prime $2 10@4 30, common $1 00@2 50, choice lambs $5 35@5 45, Yearlings $5 65@6 40.

Cincinnati

Wheat—No 2 red 68c Corn—No 2 mixed 24c Oats—No 2 mixed 16c Rye—No 2 40c.

Lard—$3 15 Bulk meats—$3 62½ Bacon—$4 00.

Hogs—$2 10@4 20 Cattle—$2 25@4 25 Sheep—$2 00@3 00 Lambs—$2 25@5 00.

Toledo

Wheat—62½ Corn—No 2 mixed, 24c Oats—No 2 white 17½c Rye—31c Clover seed—$4 12½.

$250,000 To Be Given Away

this year in valuable articles to smokers of

Blackwell's Genuine Durham Tobacco

You will find one coupon inside each 2-ounce bag, and two coupons inside each 4-ounce bag. Buy a bag, read the coupon and see how to get your share.

The Best Smoking Tobacco Made

S. A. BAXTER, Pres. F. E. BAXTER, Cashier.

The Commercial Bank.

SAMUEL A. BAXTER & SONS.

OLD POST OFFICE BUILDING, LIMA, OHIO.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

MIAMI UNIVERSITY!

SEVENTY-THIRD YEAR,

OPENS WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1896.

A commodious Gymnasium will be ready early in the fall. Three courses of study. Free tuition. Superior advantages at moderate cost. Send for catalogue and particulars to PRESIDENT W. O. THOMPSON, Oxford, Ohio.

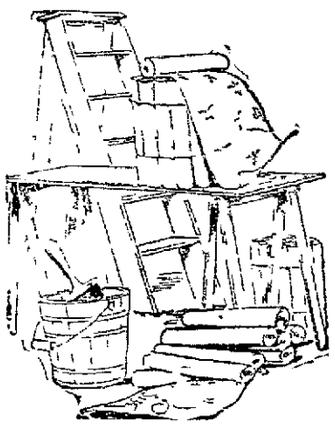
6-30eod2m

Result in 4 weeks.

Sexine Pills RESTORE LOST VIGOR

When in doubt what to use for Nervous Debility, Loss of Sexual Power (in either sex), Impotency, Atrophy, Varicocele and other weaknesses from any cause, use Sexine Pills. Drains checked and full vigor quickly restored. If neglected, such troubles result fatally. Mailed anywhere. Sealed, for $1.00. 6 boxes for $5.00. With each $5 order for 6 boxes we give a guarantee to cure or refund the money. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio

For sale by Melville Bros.



Do you know we have a Special Sale of

Wall Paper at 3c Per Roll,

Border at 1½c a yard?

Come and see it

DOWNARD & SON.

CINCINNATI HAMILTON & DAYTON RY.

CH&D

CINCINNATI INDIANAPOLIS CHICAGO DAYTON TOLEDO DETROIT

Excursions via C., H. & D R. R. Co.

Cheboygan and return $15 85 Mackinac Island and return, $15 85 Sand Beach and return $11 85 Sault Ste Marie and return $19 85 [illegible] and return, $30 35 meals and berth included Tickets good to return until Oct 1st

St Paul and return only $13 20 for the round trip Tickets will be sold Aug 30 and 31 and Sept 1 tickets good to return until Oct 2

Binghamptom, N Y and return—Aug 17th and 18th the C H & D will sell excursion tickets at one fare good to return Aug 21 and 22

Home Seekers to the South and West Aug 17 18 and 1 one fare for the round trip

Omaha, Neb and return, Aug 17 and 18 Tickets good to return Aug 24 and 25 only one fare for the round trip

Cleveland and return, only $4 70 round trip tickets good going August 22d 23d and 24th, returning August 31st

Mackinac Island and return, only $10 85 for the round trip

Petoskey and return, only $13 75 for the round trip,

Niagara Falls and return and to all other Eastern resorts at very low rates

Sunday rate on the C H & D R R will be one fare for the round trip to all points

H J McGUIRE, Ticket Agent.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No 5729.

Charles E Cone, Plaintiff, vs Eva Imler et al, Defendants } Allen Probate Court.

By virtue of an order of sale issued from the Probate Court of Allen County Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House in Lima, Allen County, Ohio on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 5th, A D 1896,

between the hours of one o'clock and four o'clock p m the following described lands and tenements, situate on Atlantic avenue in the city of Lima, Allen county, State of Ohio and described as follows to-wit

Inlot number twenty-seven hundred and fifty-seven (2757) in Ashton's addition to the city of Lima, Ohio

Appraised at $700 00

Terms of Sale—Cash

AARON FISHER
Sheriff Allen County Ohio,

Lima Ohio, July 31st 1896

Hoagland & Crepe plaintiff's attorneys

SHERIFF'S SALE

Case No 5703

E W Jackson Plaintiff, vs Yoakum & Phillips Defendants } Allen Common Pleas

By virtue of an execution issued from the Court of Common Pleas of Allen county, Ohio and to me directed, I will offer for sale on

THURSDAY, AUGUST 27th, 1896,

at 10 o'clock a m, at No 123 North Union street, in the City of Lima Ohio, the following described goods and chattels, to-wit

One (1) omnibus, made by J H Michael & Co Cincinnati, O, one (1) two seated carriage one (1) phaeton one (1) buckboard one (1) dun horse about twenty years old one (1) roan mare about seven years old one (1) bay horse about fourteen years old one (1) bay horse about twenty years old one (1) black horse about twenty years old, one (1) bay horse about nine years old one (1) bay horse about eleven years old, three (3) sets double harness, two (2) sets single harness one (1) gray mare nine years old, one (1) gray mare sixteen years old, one (1) dun pony seven years old one (1) gray horse about eleven years old one (1) gray horse about fifteen years old one (1) bay horse about four years old one (1) bay horse about seven years old one (1) team of mules one seven and one fifteen years old, one (1) bay horse thirteen years old blind in right eye one (1) bay horse about nine years old, four (4) sets double harness one (1) double baggage wagon, one (1) single baggage wagon with shafts, one (1) baggage wagon with tongue, and one (1) old rockaway

Taken as the property of Yoakum & Phillips at suit of F W Jackson

Terms of Sale—Cash;

AARON FISHER
Sheriff Allen County, Ohio.

Lima Ohio August 11 1896

Ridenour & Harthill plaintiff's attorneys

Legal Notice.

Harry Rahe whose place of residence is unknown late of Lima Allen county, Ohio, will take notice that on the 11th day of July, 1896 in the Probate Court of Allen county, Ohio where the action is now pending, being case number 5738 the undersigned Anna Rahe filed her petition against the said Harry Rahe, praying for a divorce from him, on the grounds of gross neglect of duty

The said Harry Rahe is required to answer the petition in said action not later than six weeks from and after the 11th day of July, 1896 the date of the first publication of this notice, or such divorce may be granted

ANNA RAHE

Jason G. Lamison, attorney for petitioners

31 5wks.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Lima Times-Democrat

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN LIMA.

Postage Prepaid Anywhere in United States.

OFFICE—TIMES BUILDING,
No. 221 North Main Street, Lima O.
TELEPHONE CALL, No. 84.

THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is published every evening (except Sunday) and will be delivered at your supper table each evening upon the following terms:

One copy one year, in advance.....$5.00
Six months, in advance.....2.50
By carrier, per week.....10 cents

Subscriptions collected weekly. Our collector will call each week unless some special arrangement be made with him. All subscription accounts must be paid promptly.

All foreign subscription must be paid in advance.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUB'G. CO

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in northwestern Ohio, outside the larger cities. It reaches into every portion of Lima and goes into every postoffice in Allen county. THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is recognized as the people's paper, and as such is the most popular newspaper in the city. It is read by every one in Lima, and its rapidly increasing list attests its superiority over all competitors.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT—The Semi-Weekly edition issued by the TIMES-DEMOCRAT COMPANY, is without parallel in point of excellence. It contains 56 columns of choice literary, editorial, news and advertising matter of great interest to everyone in the county. This excellent newspaper is published for the small sum of

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

Subscriptions not paid in advance will be charged for at the rate of $1.50 per year.

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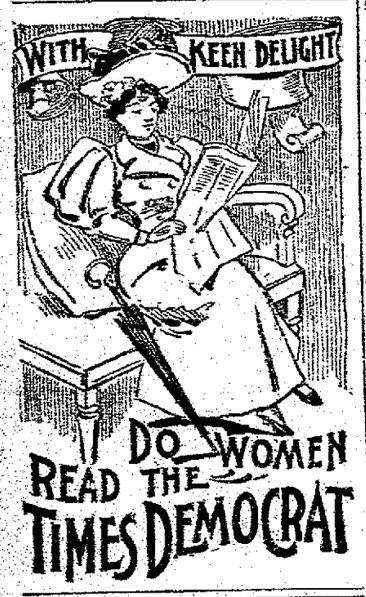
LIMA, Ohio.



DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

NATIONAL.

For President,
WILLIAM J. BRYAN,
of Nebraska.

For Vice President,
ARTHUR SEWALL,
of Maine.

STATE.

Secretary of State,
CHILTON A. WHITE,
of Brown county.

Judge of Supreme Court,
E. J. BLANDIN,
of Cleveland.

Dairy and Food Commissioner,

Member Board of Public Works,
WILLIAM BEAUMONT,
of Licking.

For Presidential Electors at Large,
M. FECHHEIMER,
of Hamilton county.
T. E. POWELL,
of Franklin county.

DISTRICT.

For Member of Congress, 4th District,
GEORGE A. MARSHAL,
Shelby county.

For Presidential Elector,
MARTIN B. TRAINOR,
of Darke County.

JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

For Judge of the Circuit Court,
CALEB H. NORRIS,
of Marion County.

COUNTY.

For Probate Judge,
THEODORE D. ROBB.

For Clerk of the Court,
U. M. SHAPPELL.

For County Auditor,
PHILIP WALTHER.

For Commissioner,
T. C. BURNS.

For County Recorder,
ABRAM HARROD.

For Prosecuting Attorney,
J. C. RIDENOUR.

For Infirmary Director,
ELI MECHLING.

There could be nothing more needed to condemn the gold-bug bolters who expect to put what they will call a "National Democratic ticket" in the field than the fact that Burke Cochran, Mark Hanna's $250,000 beauty, is to be one of the principal speakers when the rum covention is held.

The Lima *Gazette*, the hard-money organ in this region, this morning publishes the following, which it calls Carlisle's five points:

"There is not a free coinage country in the world to-day that is not on a silver basis.

"There is not a gold standard country in the world to-day that does not use silver as money along with gold.

"There is not a silver standard country in the world to-day that uses any gold as money along with silver.

"There is not a silver standard country in the world to-day that has more than one-third as much money in circulation per capita as the United States has.

"There is not a silver standard country in the world to-day where the laboring man receives fair pay for his day's work."

As opposed to the above sentiment from the goldbug papers, we are pleased to publish the following extract from a staunch Republican newspaper, the Salt Lake City Tribune, which is honest and fair in its expressions, and is in favor of free silver coinage:

1. There is not one free coinage country in the world today that is not enjoying unexampled prosperity, the only drawback being a foreign debt contracted on the gold basis.

2. There is not a gold standard country in the world today the property of which has not shrunken from 35 to 60 per cent. during the last 21 years; not one in which there is not unexampled depression, distress and sorrow.

3. There is not a silver standard country in the world today that has any need of gold money except in settling foreign balances, and there is not a gold standard country in all the world today that the bulk of all the gold is not locked up in the treasury or in the banks, and the people are suffering from "sound money" asphyxia.

3. There is not a silver standard country in the world to-day where there are any idle deposits lying in the banks, all the money being in active circulation and drawing large interest, and the circulation per capita in the United States of real money is just about what it is in Mexico, nearly all the money of ultimate redemption being hid away in the vaults of the treasury and national banks.

5. There is not a silver standard country in the world to-day where the laboring man is not receiving full pay and more regular work than he ever received before. There is not a gold country in the world to-day where a vast proportion of the people are not idle, and where wages are above the rates of 1849, except where they have been maintained by the stubborn persistence of the labor unions.

6. There is not a silver standard country in the world to-day where the people are not doing better than ever before. There is not a gold standard country where the people are not in more distress and suffering more loss and more apprehension than ever before.

The Lima *Gazette* this morning says:

Here is the financial plank of the Democratic party as advocated in 1892. By reading it carefully you will see that it declared its belief in the very same money that the Republicans are to-day advocating; that the dollar unit of coinage of both gold and silver must be of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value, or be adjusted through international agreement. They insisted on this policy as especially necessary for the protection of the farmers and the laboring classes. Mr. Bryan then advocated that doctrine. Since then he has been converted by the silver mine owners and he now declares for exactly the opposite. The Democratic platform of 1892 said:

"We hold to the use of both gold and silver as the standard money of the country, and to the coinage of both gold and silver without discrimination against either metal or charge for mintage, but the dollar unit of both metals must be of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value, or be adjusted through international agreement, or by such safeguards of legislation as shall insure the maintenance of the parity of the two metals and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the markets and in payment of debt; and we demand that all paper currency shall be kept at par with and redeemable in such coin. We insist upon this policy as especially necessary for the protection of the farmers and laboring classes, the first and most defenseless victims of unstable money and fluctuating currency."

The editor of the TIMES of this city also advocated the same thing and insisted on that policy as especially necessary for the protection of the farmers and laboring classes. To-day he is telling those people that he didn't tell the truth then and that what the Democratic party has been advocating for the past fifty years was all wrong.

And here below is given the patriotic declaration of the Democrats in 1896. It does not conflict with the platform of 1892, neither has the editor of the TIMES-DEMOCRAT, through his paper, contradicted the sentiment of the platform of 1892.

We are unalterably opposed to monometallism which has locked the prosperity of an industrial people in the paralysis of hard times. Gold monometalism is a British policy, and its adoption has brought other nations into financial servitude to London. It is not only un-American but anti-American, and it can be fastened on the United States only by the sleeping of that spirit and love of liberty which proclaimed our political independence in 1776 and won it in the war of the revolution.

We demand the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1 without waiting for the consent of any other nation. We demand that the standard silver dollars shall be full legal tender, equally with gold, for all debts public and private, and we favor such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal tender money by private contract.

Since 1892 the Democracy have waited and wished for an international conference which would regulate by agreement the status of silver as a money metal. The Rothschilds have prevented such a conference by not allowing England to join in it, and the other powers would not proceed without her. The cuckoos and gold bugs who wanted to corner the gold market were also opposed to an international agreement which would improve the condition of siver. Therefore the Democracy declare that we are an independent nation, and that Great Britain shall not control our monetary system, but that we shall proceed to monetize silver without waiting for the consent of England. The parity of the coin and the stability of the money will be maintained under free silver coinage just as was contemplated in the platform of 1892. It is the policy of those who wish to corner gold and bring financial disaster upon the country to claim that the free coinage of silver will make cheap money. All such assertions are pure rot, coined by Mark Hanna and his brother gold monopolists, and promulgated by paid newspapers who for a consideration sell themselves to the party making the highest bid.

JUDGE PARKS

Abandons His Party and Is Out for Free Silver.

An Eminent Resident of Cleveland Cannot Endorse the Slanderous Things Uttered Against Those Who Believe in Free Silver.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 5.—"With a sad heart I saw my party, after Clay's death, go to pieces on the slavery question, just as I am now seeing the Republican party go to pieces on the silver question," said Judge S. C. Parks, of this city. During the judge's long public career he intimately knew Lincoln, Douglas, Trumbull, Senators Palmer and Cullom, and, in fact, every prominent public man in Illinois. In 1854 Lincoln asked him to go to the legislature. He did, and he voted for the afterward president for the United States senate. In 1856 Judge Parks was a delegate to the first national convention of the Republican party, which met at Philadelphia and nominated Fremont and Dayton. He went to that convention to "boom" Lincoln for vice-president. Four years later, at Chicago, he worked for the nomination of Lincoln. When Lincoln became president he appointed his friend a justice of the supreme court of the newly formed Territory of Idaho. In 1868 Mr. Parks was an elector on the Grant ticket. Two years later he was a member of the Illinois constitutional convention. President Hayes appointed Mr. Parks to the supreme bench of New Mexico. Said the judge a day or two ago.

"It was an evil day for the Republican party when it abandoned the financial policy of its founder, demonetizing silver, defiled gold and inaugurated the practice of abusing, belittling and ridiculing mine owners, mining and miners. I know something about these miners and mine owners. As a rule they are sensible, intelligent and patriotic men. Mr. Lincoln sent me among them in 1863. I have lived in mining territories altogether nearly ten years, and consider the practice of speaking and writing of them disparagingly as wrong in itself and very bad policy.

"You want my opinion of Mr. Bryan. Well, I know him also, though not intimately, but I have seen enough of him to have a very high opinion of him personally and politically. Upon the controlling issue of this campaign he stands upon the Lincoln platform of gold and silver.

"I do not believe that we will have permanent peace and prosperity in this country till silver is restored to the position in our financial system in which it was placed by the founders of the republic. Mr. Bryan is in favor of that restoration without waiting for the consent of England. I expect to vote for Mr. Bryan, and I have reasons to believe there are a great many Republicans who will do the same. It is a great mistake to underate him. His own merits and the action of the convention which nominated him have made him the foremost man in this country today, and the probability now is that the votes of the people in November will make him the foremost man in all the world.

"I have acted with the Republican party for nearly forty years, but I have not been satisfied with a part of its financial policy, and especially has this been true for the last twenty years. I think the demonetization of silver was a great wrong to the American people, but hitherto I have hoped the Republican party would come around all right on that question. That hope died out with the adoption of the St. Louis platform. I am not a McKinley Republican. I am not in favor of the existing gold standard, but I am, as I understand a Lincoln Republican."

The Bryan and Sewall Club of Boston has issued a stirring appeal to the voters of the State, in which they say:

"For the first time in a generation a great party has made its national platform the vehicle of the people's demands. It has thrown off the control of politicians who seek to use party organizations for selfish ends. It has sounded a note of warning and defiance to the trusts and monopolies that seek to throttle the nation's prosperity *that they may profit by its calamities;* its choice for President was the spontaneous recognition by the true representatives of the people of a true leader, a man whose heart is close to the people's heart, whose voice has always been raised in the people's cause, and who, if elected, will be faithful and loyal to the best interests of the Republic."

Some of the good Republican missionaries who are spreading abroad the gospel of sound money have painful experiences. One befell a certain worthy apostle of the faith in this county the other day, and he will not soon forget it. He was out in one of the townships, trying to sell commercial fertilizer to a farmer, and after a little talk drifted to politics. The farmer was an ardent free silverite. "The whole trouble," he said, "is that we have not enough money. The more we have the better off we should be." "Not a bit of it," the Republican fertilizer man answered, "the trouble is over production of crops." "Then," asked the farmer, "what in thunder are you trying to sell me fertilizer for, to grow more than ever?" That ended the sale and the discussion.—*Sidney Journal.*

CROWNED WITH HONOR.

THE GREAT PRESBYTERIAN,

Rev. Charles L. Thompson, D. D., of New York.

What Paine's Celery Compound Has Done for the Eloquent Preacher.

From no one class of men has Paine's celery compound received more unstinted praise for its wonderful powers of making the sick to be well again than from ministers of the gospel in every denomination.

Rev. Father Ouellet, Rev. Dr. Meek, the editor of the "Central Methodist," Rev. Dr. Baird, Rev. W. J. White, D. D., of the Georgia Baptist, are among the hosts of clergymen who have gratefully published, that their experience might be of benefit to others, the ever true story of how this greatest of all remedies makes people well, builds up the shattered nerves, enriching the thin blood and rooting out disease.

Rev. Charles L. Thompson, D. D., pastor of the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church in New York City, is a man crowned with honor. Before going to the celebrated church where he now preaches in New York, he served in prominent pulpits in Cincinnati, Chicago, Pittsburg and Kansas City. He has written much and well on themes of public interest, presided over the Centennial General Assembly, Philadelphia, and has been often commissioner and chairman of leading committees and an exceptionally forcible debater in all church courts.

His large charity has made him a welcome representative of his church to other churches and to his brethren of other lands.

Dr. Thompson is a prodigious worker. He is one of the many thousands who have discovered what Paine's celery compound does for those who are worn out by labor, who are suffering from some stage of nervous exhaustion, and who require a health-giving remedy that will speedily replenish the system with proper nutriment.

Writing from New York on June 23, Dr Thompson said:

"I think to the use of Paine's celery compound is due the fact that after a winter of exhausting work I have been able to carry my duties through the enervating springtime with unusual ease and comfort."

To the multitude who suffer from the enervating effects of the warm weather in this climate, this plain, straightforward statement from so eminent and fearless a clergyman should be heeded.

Paine's celery compound has put an end to an enormous amount of sickness and disease.

It began at the very outset of its splendid career to cure men and women of kidney troubles, liver complaint and nervous prostration. Its speedy and lasting cures of all these nerve and blood disorders were not slow in spreading its reputation through every state in the country. Physicians everywhere greeted the great remedy as the most enlightened, most skillful means that could be employed for invigorating the "run down" system.

Thousands of wholly disinterested men and women saw their neighbors and townspeople made well by Paine's celery compound.

This epoch-making discovery in medicines due to the patience, thoroughness and zeal of the great Dartmouth College scientist, stand, to-day unquestioned as the greatest brain and nerve strengthener and restorer the world possesses.

Common honesty to the taxpayer, the letter and spirit of the contract under which the great body of indebtedness was assumed by the United States, and true financial wisdom, each and all demand the restoration of the silver dollar to its former rank as lawful money.

Prices and Debts.

The argument so often made that decreased prices must necessarily follow increased production is not tenable, although no one denies that if the price of shoes, for instance, decreases the money so received will have a correspondingly greater purchasing power in other commodities. But this will not do, for, although its purchasing power is increased so far as commodities are concerned, debts have not fallen, and as the debts of the country—personal, municipal, state and national—constitute 40 per cent of the entire wealth, which must be borne by the people, it is perfectly plain that the increased fruits of the people's toil are ignominiously surrendered to the creditor, thus giving the latter an unearned increment for the use of his capital.—Torney E. Waadner.

Daniel Webster on Silver.

Fifty years ago in the senate of the United States the following language was used by Daniel Webster:

"I am clearly of the opinion that gold and silver at rates fixed by congress constitute the legal standard of value in this country and that neither congress nor any other state has authority to establish any other standard or to displace this standard. The legal tender, therefore, the constitutional standard of value, is established and cannot be overthrown. To overthrow it would shake the whole system."

TO SATISFY..

IS OUR AIM.

We make mistakes; we do our best not to—but everybody must make mistakes sometimes—don't be afraid to find fault with us when you're mad, and don't keep it to yourself; talk it right out; talk it to our face, we'll make it right. It is our business to satisfy you. That end is always in our view. When you are not satisfied, tell us promptly; we are far more anxious than you are. Your money's worth or your money back in both our clothing and shoe store.

MICHAEL.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

This Girl is an acquaintance a thousand of American homes where she is known as "The None Such Mince Meat Girl." Her smile is reflected in every home she enters for she brings delicious mince pie to all, and at the same time saves the housewife from the drudgery that old time mince pie making required.

MERRELL-SOULE CO., Syracuse N. Y., Mfrs of

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT

URSION AND PICNIC!

ngregation of St Rose church, of Lima —benefit of new cemetery—to

VERSIDE - PARK,

QUINCY, OHIO.

NESDAY, AUGUST 26th, 1896.

KETS 50 cts.
LDREN (under 12 years) 25 cts

r further particulars see posters or committee

UROT OPERA HOUSE

TURDAY NIGHT, AUG. 15.

AND OPENING OF THE SEASON!

E BROADWAY COMEDIAN.

rtic sweeping centralization of Amer- Best Singers, Dancers and Comedians

utely the Funniest!
Positively the Biggest!
Unquestionably the Cleverest!
Undoubtedly the Neatest

RCE COMEDY EVER WRITTEN

"OWN TOPICS!"

ers line in obelisks above its tableaus

es as Usual. Seats on Sale at Box Office

WANTED.

WANTED—Girls at the Harter House steady employment

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Apply at 1 south Main street 24tf

WANTED—To trade good 8 room house in West Wayne street for 30x30 lot in West Street. Address F T this office 0-tf

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Enquire at once of Mrs Stein 66 east Market street

WANTED—House of five or six rooms in good locality. Enquire at H. H. Pierce & Bros

WANTED—To take orders in every town and city; no delivery; good wages; pay weekly; no capital; steady work. GLFN MFG. Rochester N. Y. w s m

LOST—Gold Watch at the tank fire Saturday morning. A hunting case watch valued as a gift. A reward of $5 will be paid for its return to this office 13

LOST—Will the gentleman who found the bunch of keys at the corner of Tanner and High streets leave them at the TIMES-DEMOCRAT office

OIL AND GAS.

OIL COUNTIES

There are now twenty counties in northwestern Ohio that are producing more or less crude oil. They are as follows: Wood, Hancock, Allen, Putnam, Sandusky, Lucas, Mercer, Van Wert, Wyandot, Seneca, Ottawa, Hardin, Henry, Putnam, Shelby, Auglaize, Williams, Darke, Logan and Marion.

A little daughter of Mr. Lewis Dayton, an old and much respected citizen of Barnitz, Pa., occasionally has trouble with her stomach which causes her considerable distress. In speaking of it Mr. Dayton said: "As soon as she has an attack we give her the use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, and it has never failed to relieve her promptly. We all use it in our family with the same good results." For sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner. C. W. Reisner, 55 public square.

ALL RAIL ROUTE TO THE SEA

Atlantic City without Transfer via Pennsylvania Lines

With the opening of the Delaware River bridge the Pennsylvania Lines have become the only all rail route to Atlantic City and the seashore. Transfer of passengers and baggage at Philadelphia via Market Street ferry and Camden is avoided, as seashore cars of Parlor Cars and Coaches depart from Broad Street Station at which passengers from the west over the Pennsylvania lines arrive in that city. Through trains from Chicago, Indianapolis, Columbus, Cincinnati, Pittsburg and intermediate points on the Pennsylvania Lines make convenient connection with the seashore trains. For details apply to nearest Pennsylvania Lines Agent. th&s-2w

Two Special Trains

To Quincy, Sunday, Aug. 16th, via C. S., leaving Lima at 9:20 a. m. and 2 p. m. 0 2t

SABBATH SERVICES.

GERMAN REFORMED

Services at the German Reformed church. Sunday school as usual. Preaching at 10 o'clock a. m. C. E. at 6 o'clock p. m.

C. HAUM, Pastor.

ST. PAULS EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN.

No services in this church on Sunday the 16th day of August, 1896, on account of the absence of the pastor.

Rev. J. H. Hunton
I. S. MOTTER, Sec'y.
By JOHN H. HUNTON, Jr., Assistant Sec'y.

GENERAL SYNOD LUTHERAN,

Corner W. Spring and Pierce streets. Sunday school at 9:15 a. m. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. Come, and welcome.

EPWORTH M. E. CHURCH,

East Market street. Sunday school, 9 a. m. Preaching, 10:15 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Epworth League, Tuesday evening. Prayer meeting Thursday evening. The people cordially invited.

B. H. McCOY, Pastor.

HOPE BAPTIST SUNDAY SCHOOL

meets at 2:15 p. m., corner Forest avenue and Second street. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 7:30. Sunday school picnic Tuesday at Norris lake.

ZION'S EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH,

On Union street. Sunday school at 9 a. m. German and English services at 10:15 a. m. Subject of sermon: "He that exalteth himself shall be debased, but he that humbleth himself shall be exalted." No evening service. Welcome all.

F. F. ROHLFING, Pastor.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH

Elizabeth street, between Market and Spring streets. Sermon, by the pastor, at 10 a. m. Sunday school at 11:15 a. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. Seats free. Everybody welcome.

I. J. SWANSON, Pastor.

BEREAN BAPTIST CHURCH

Meets in the armory, Main street south of the bridge. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. Geo. Byron Morse, at 10 a. m. Subject: "What Comes of Being with Jesus." Bible school at 9 a. m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at the Hope Baptist Sunday school, corner Forest avenue and Second street. Sunday school picnic Tuesday, Aug. 18, at Hover's Lake.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents and $1.00. Get a bottle at Melville Bros.' Drug Store.

The Drinking Trough.

It is a good plan sometimes to put pieces of unslaked lime in the poultry drinking trough half full of water, and when it has taken up all the water it will to use a stiff broom to wash the trough inside and out with this lime water. A piece or two of charcoal and a few large rusty nails in the water will do good service.

Sure Thing.

"A bicycle," says a contemporary, "is a great bond of companionship between husband and wife." Very likely, but two bicycles of different make would produce divorce proceedings in 48 hours.—Rochester Union and Advertiser.

He that will lose his friend for a jest deserves to die a beggar by the bargain. Such let thy jests be that they may not grind the credit of thy friend, and make not jests so long that thou becomest one.—Fuller.

A pleasant "guess" is to name how many dollar bills would be required to weigh as much as a $20 gold piece. Answers fluctuate between 300 as the lowest and 1,000, the correct number being 34.

The average height of 1,000 French women is 5 feet 1⅛ inches, and of 1,000 Russian women it is 5 feet 3½ inches.

Any new or original design for the printing of silk, cotton, woolen or other fabrics may be patented.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no money required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Melville Bros.

K. E. O.

Regular meeting meeting Monday, August 17th. Business of interest to every member.

G. E. MEHAFFEY, Sec.

Dr. Kay's Renovator is perfectly safe, mild and yet certain in effect. 25c. Sold by the Harley Pharmacy.

Slate For Inside Decoration.

Slate is too much overlooked as a material for inside decoration. It exists in many different shades. It is easy and inexpensive to quarry and by far the easiest stone to shape into pleasing forms. These qualities render it the cheapest of durable materials for interior purposes, and the wonder is that so little of it is in common use. If large dealers would establish depots of standard goods made up for combination in house building in such forms as would be available to architects, its use would be indefinitely extended. Hardly a cottage of any pretensions would be built where it would not take a prominent part. If such depots were established, house builders would be enabled to see it and appreciate its beauty and cheapness. As it is, hardly 1 in 500 knows anything of either.—Stone.

ZOLA ON PLAGIARISM.

He Considers It His Right to Take Wherever He Can Find.

"Some time ago one of my friends called me a shark. Of course, he alluded to the shark which follows the ship and swallows everything. I sounded myself to see whether I was wounded or flattered by the epithet. Well, would you believe it, I found myself flattered. Yes, I am proud of it, and am willing to be the shark. A shark that swallows its epoch! It is my right, and if I really do that it will be my glory. A great producer, a creature, has no other function than that of devouring his epoch in order to create it afresh and make life of it." So says Emile Zola in an article which he has written in reply to a charge of plagiarism brought against him by M. Gaston Deschamps. The literary critic of The Temps had cut out some remarks and opinions from Rome which were identically the same as those to be found in a work written long ago by M. Goyau. The "shark" had evidently been at work. But this is not the first time that Emile Zola has been guilty of plagiarism. In both the "Assommoir" and "Germinal" there are many pages taken from other authors. Emile Zola does not deny the soft impeachments. On the contrary, he confesses and glories in it. He says:

"I admit of three sources of information—books, which give me the life of the past, witnesses, who supply me either by their writings or conversation with documents concerning what they have seen or what they know, and finally direct and personal observation. For every new novel I surround myself with a veritable library of books relating to the subject to be treated. I converse with persons competent to form an opinion, I travel in search of new horizons and study the manners and customs of the people. If there exists a fourth source of information, let me know it, and I will hasten to drink of it. It is my function as a romancist to know everything, and when I approach a new subject I have only one thing to do—to study it and to acquire the special information necessary to deal with it."

Emile Zola then gives us a long list of books from which he has cribbed more or less. "In so doing," he says, "I was only exercising a strict right. I am not a savant, I am not a historian, I am simply a romancist. My function is to make life out of all the elements I can obtain. The question is to know if I have been able to gather together all the documents which are flying about in the air, if I have seized them with a firm hand and chosen what is good from them, and finally if I have known thereby how to create things and beings anew. Have I inspired my personages with my own spirit, have I given birth to a new world, have I placed under the sun beings in flesh and blood? If yes, then my task is done, and little matters it to me where I took my materials."—London Globe.

Taking No Chances.

"Here's a good scheme," she said, looking up from the paper she had been reading.

He seemed a trifle suspicious, but it was so evident that he was expected to answer that he made the inquiry.

"Why, it says that some wives shave their husbands and in that way save what he would ordinarily pay to a barber," she explained.

"Mary," he said, after a moment's thought, "you may get that gown you spoke about this morning. It won't be necessary for you to get at my throat with a razor."—Chicago Post.

Edison's Speech.

Mr. Edison has only once tried to make a speech. It was before a girls' seminary, where he had agreed to lecture on electricity. He had engaged a friend named Adams to operate the apparatus while he talked, but when the "Wizard" arose before his audience he felt so dazed that he simply said, "Ladies, Mr. Adams will now address you on electricity and I will demonstrate what he has to say with the apparatus."

SPECIAL REMOVAL SALE

—AT THE—

COLUMBIA SHOE STORE.

We Are Bound to Sell Our Stock, No Matter What it Will Bring!

2000 pairs Ladies' $3.00 Oxfords for $1.75.
1500 pairs Ladies' $2.50 Oxfords for $1.50.
2000 pairs Ladies' $2.00 Oxfords for $1.00.

You cannot afford to miss this sale. See them in our window, ask to try them on, they are yours for little money. All sizes, best styles, AAA to EE.

GENTS' SHOES.

Any Gent's Shoe in our window for $3.00.
Russia Calf, French Calf and Patent Leather—all those handsome $5.00 Shoes for $3.00.

Buy Shoes This Week!

See how cheap you can buy a pair of fine shoes.
Remember we are bound to sell our stock; we do not want to move it; it costs money to move goods. You need shoes, buy them, wear new fine, stylish shoes for little money—buy them of us and save dollars.

. . . TRY US—IT COSTS NOTHING TO TRY! . . .

THE COLUMBIA.

Leading Shoe House, Lima, O.

OUR METHOD IS TO SELL MERCHANDISE AT REASONABLE PRICES!

Our aim is to satisfy you in every way—Always watchful of the public's interest. It is our policy never to allow anyone to undersell us. Our prices have and always will be the lowest—Quality considered. During the month of August you will and many bargains in our store. All Summer goods, odds and ends, remnants, etc., are being sold regardless of cost.

Shirt Waists.

All our Shirt Waists are being sold at just one half their former prices. We have some very pretty waists on hand yet and at these prices they ought to certainly go fast.

50c Waists are now - - - - - 25c
75c Waists are now - - - - 38c
98c Waists are now - - - - 49c
$1.00 Waists are now - - - 50c

Summer Corsets.

Our 50c Summer Corsets, (by the way the best Summer Corset for the price in this city) perfect fit, are now selling at 25c each. It would pay you to buy one for next year if you are supplied for this year.

Wash Goods.

A lot of Dimities, Organdies, Lawns, etc., at

6c a yard.

to close out. Former price 10 and 12½ cents a yard.

Linen Dep't.

Judging from the increased sales in this department the Ladies are surely well pleased with our goods and prices. To make it still more interesting we will for one week give you a discount of

10 per cent.

off all linens purchased of us for cash.

Quilts.

We have just received another case of white Quilts; full size, woven from select stock in the most popular and refined patterns.

Price 50 cents.

This Quilt equals anything in this city, at 69c each.

Batting.

Many people are preparing comforts for next Winter. We have nice comfort batting to retail at 5 and 6c a roll.

Economy Basement.

This department is becoming the popular trading place for economically inclined housekeepers. The high quality of our goods, connected with the low prices, is what brings this about.

CUPS AND SAUCERS—Plain white, handled or unhandled, 30 cents a set.

EWERS AND BASINS—Large in size, neat shape, at 65 cents a set.

SOUP BOWLS—Good size, regular 8 cent Bowls; our price 5 cents each.

FRUIT CANS—35 cents a dozen.

FRUIT JARS—Masons self sealers, perfect goods, 65c a dozen.

WHISK BROOMS—Made of select stock, uniform cut, correct length, double stitched, heavy japanned handle the best value ever offered for 10 cents.

MATCHES—Best quality, parlor match, 4 boxes for 5 cents.

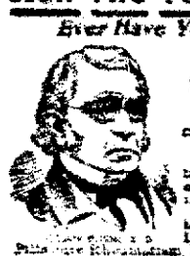
FELTZ BROS. & CO.,

1st DOOR SOUTH OF COURT HOUSE.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

How Are Your Kidneys?

Ever Have Your Back Ache?



Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills

Make Healthy Kidneys and the Back Strong.

Healthy kidneys purify the blood by filtering from it uric acid and all other poisonous impurities.

Pure blood means perfect health. By purifying the blood Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Bright's Disease, Dropsy, Dizziness, Insomnia, Pains in the Shoulders, Backache, Kidney Weakness, and all Infirmities of the Kidneys. Physicians and druggists recommend them. At druggists, 50 cents a box. Testimonials free. Sample sent on receipt of 10 cents. SPARAGUS KIDNEY PILL CO., CLEVELAND, OHIO.

HOW IS YOUR LIVER? Dr. Hobbs Little Liver Pills are gentle but prompt.

It Ought to Work.

"I've got a scheme," said the idle man, "by which the petty offices can be run without expense to the country. In fact, lots of fellows would pay quite a lot of money into the treasury for the chance of holding the posts."

"All right, go ahead and tell it," said the man whose time was being taken up. "I might just as well have it over."

"It is just this: Instead of calling a man a county clerk, for instance, I would let him bear the title of the grand and most high puissant secretary. The recorder might be custodian of parchments. Why, it is glorious, I tell you. There are any number of citizens who would be delighted to hold the office of dog catcher if it were only dignified with the title of grand and noble civic huntsman, and don't you think so?"

The busy man said he would bear it in mind, so it is possible that another great reform may be sprung on a patient world. — Pearson's Weekly.

You need Hood's Sarsaparilla to enrich and purify the blood, create an appetite and give sweet, refreshing sleep.

Warm Weather Bathing.

In hot weather the whole body should be washed at least once daily. Cold baths for those who can take them are very refreshing, and tepid baths are very cooling and pleasant on hot days. If cold morning baths are indulged in they should be supplemented by a hot evening bath at least once a week. Bathing the wrists in cold water during the day will cool the body.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else, then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at Melville's Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and $1.00.

New Canadian Provinces.

Canada has bestowed names on its territory bordering the Arctic ocean. It will hereafter appear on the map in four districts or provinces—Ungava, Franklin, Mckenzie and Yukon. The four combined contain 1,421,000 square miles.

The people have long since learned that the most disagreeable medicines are not necessarily the best. In fact, as a rule, they are not. What is wanted is something mild and sure, such as Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. That is really pleasant to take when reduced with water and sweetened. Then it is acknowledged everywhere to be the most successful remedy in the world for bowel complaints. Ask any number of druggists for the best remedy they have for diarrhœa and nine out of ten will recommend Chamberlain's. In speaking of this medicine, Mr. B. B. Buffum of Friendsville, Susquehanna Co., Pa., says: "We have used it in our family for pain in the stomach, colic and diarrhœa and found it to be a most effective remedy." For sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner; C. W. Heister, 58 public square.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season of year your feet feel swollen and hot, and get tired easily. If you have aching feet, new shoes or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures and prevents swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package sent free by mail. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Sweet Sandwiches.

Dates, figs, or large raisins, make excellent fillings for sweet sandwiches. Take out the seeds from dates or raisins, chop them fine and spread on thin slices of bread that have first been spread with a little butter. Unless figs are very fresh it is best to steam them before using. These sandwiches are served with iced tea or lemonade.

SOME OF MY COUNTRY KIN.

There are some of my country kin
Come to visit me. Work right in.
I know you have journeyed many a mile—
Take off your bonnets and rest awhile.

Want funny old fools you'd forgets they are,
But I wouldn't tell them so for a star!
How lovely you look and how sweet you smell!
What have you come to ask or to tell?

Indeed! That's news. (I must make a note
Of all they say for some poet to quote.)
"The young Lord April and Lady May
Met in the woods and kissed today.

"A mocking bird heard the kiss and made
A song just like it, so it is said.
And listening to that telltale bird
The sap in the oldest tree was stirred.

"The naked boughs into green leaves slipped;
The longing buds into flowers tripped;
The little hills smiled as if they were glad;
The little rills ran as if they were mad.

"There was green on the earth and blue in the sky.
The chrysalis changed to a butterfly,
And our lovers, the honey bees, all a-hum,
To hunt for our hearts began to come.

"All the woods are a-thrill with life and love,
From the proud old oak to the cooing dove,
And all because of that telltale bird
Who set to music the kiss he heard."

—Outing.

MONTHS AFTERWARD

"Gossip—it's a confounded nuisance, that's what I call it! Why can't they let us alone? I am accustomed to any amount of gossip. People must have something to talk about, and I'm sure I'm delighted to be able to afford them any amusement, but when it comes to being smacked on the back and congratulated six times in one afternoon, it's coming it a bit too strong. I don't mind for my own sake—a man can look after himself—but I'm thinking of you. I was in hopes that you had not heard."

"Not heard, indeed! I had two letters this morning and three this afternoon—four wanting to know when the wedding was to be and the fifth from a girl asking to be bridesmaid. I am afraid to go out. People fly at me at every corner, shake my hand off and say how delighted they are and how charming it is and how they always knew it would come to this and that we are made for one another—they never did know two people so exactly suited."

"Extraordinary! That's what they say to me. I never was so taken aback in my life. Of course, we've always been good friends, but"—

"Certainly not."

"And I don't think"—

"Neither do I. It's absurd! Utter nonsense!"

"No, but really—let us have it out while we are about it. What can have given rise to such a ridiculous report? We have been a good deal together, of course, because we are in the same set, and always seem to hit it off, and you are such a jolly good dancer and all that kind of thing, but I can't see what we have done to set people talking at this rate. Honestly, now—I am anxious to know—did you ever imagine—that is to say, did you think—I mean, have I ever"—

"You never have! No, Captain May, and I have never imagined! On the contrary I don't mind admitting now that we are upon the subject that I have cherished a secret grudge against you because you have never given me an opportunity of refusing you. That sort of neglect rankles in a woman's mind, and now you see for yourself the awkward position in which it has placed me. When people ask if I am engaged to you, I am obliged to confess that I have never been asked. You ought to have thought of this and provided against it. It would have been so easy some night at a ball, or in an interval at the theater—the whole thing might have been over in five minutes—and then I should have been able to say that I had refused you, and everything would have been happy and comfortable. I don't feel as if I could ever forgive you!"

"Sorry, indeed! You see, I should have been most happy, only I could never feel quite sure that you really would re"—

"How odious you are! You need not have been afraid; there never was anything more certain since the beginning of the world. I wouldn't marry you to save your life! I would as soon think of falling in love with the man in the moon! We have always been friends, of course, but that counts for nothing. One may like a person very much and yet find it quite impossible to go any farther. I could better love a horseman!"

"Same with me! I think no end of you, but when Lewis came and congratulated me the other day I was struck all of a heap. If he had said the same thing about a dozen other girls I should have been less surprised, but it never occurred to me to look upon you in that light."

"Oh, indeed! I'm awfully obliged, I'm sure, but I don't think much of your taste. There are a dozen other men who wouldn't agree with you; that's one comfort. As I am so utterly repulsive in your eyes, I think I had better say 'Good afternoon' at once and relieve you of my presence."

"What nonsense you talk! I never said a word about your appearance that I know of. That's the worst of arguing with a woman; she flies off at a tangent, and there's no doing any good with her. I don't see why you should be offended. You seemed to think it quite as impossible to fall in love with me."

"That's different. I mean I don't care what you think, but other people think—that's to say, I have always been told. Some people think I am very nice, if you don't. I think it's perfectly hateful of you to say such things. I should like to know, just as a matter of curiosity, what it is in me you object to so much."

"You won't like it, you know, when you do hear; you'll be in a bigger rage than ever. Much better leave it alone. Well, if you will have it, I dislike the way you do your hair. Wait a moment. It means more than you think. It is not only ugly in itself, but it shows a fatal want of perception. Your beauty—if you will allow me to say so—is of a classic order, and if you adopted a more natural style of coiffure your appearance would really be—er—uncommonly fetching. Stead of that, you persist in following a hideous exaggeration of fashion, which destroys your individuality and is utterly unsuited to your style. It seems a small thing in itself, but it has far-reaching consequences. The moment we meet I notice it, don't you know, and feel annoyed. The whole time I am with you I am worrying about it. It sets up a chronic state of exasperation. Perhaps you don't understand the feeling"—

"Oh, yes, I do! I feel the same toward you because you will insist on wearing enormous stand up collars. I call that a want of perception, if you like. I wouldn't be personal for the world, but I have seen men with longer necks. When you want to speak to your neighbor, you have to twist your whole body. It makes me die with laughing to see you."

"Delighted to afford you so much amusement. Sorry I make myself so ridiculous. You are excessively polite, I'm sure."

"You were a great deal worse yourself. You said that I"—

"Nothing of the kind. You misunderstood me. I simply remarked"—

"Don't contradict! You said I was an ugly thing, and that it exasperated you only to see me. You did! It makes it worse to deny it. I can't think how you can look me in the face!"

"Why get excited? It's really not worth while, and you will make yourself hot. It is not becoming to be hot. I was about to say when you so rudely interrupted me that you had misunderstood the meaning of my remarks. I simply observed"—

"I don't care a little bit what you observed. I am not going to talk to you any longer. Good afternoon, Captain May. You needn't dance with me at Lady Bolton's this evening, as my hair annoys you so much."

"I shall ask Miss Cunliffe instead. She is a capital waltzer. Your mother is waiting for you at the door. Fourth and sixth, wasn't it, and the first extra? I must ask her at once, as she is so much engaged. Good afternoon, then, Miss Blanchard, if you will go, and as the good little boys say, 'Thank you so much for the pleasant afternoon!'"

ON THE WAY HOME—HER SOLILOQUY.

"He never thought of such a thing. It never occurred to him to think of her in that light. Hateful creature! And why not, I should like to know? Doesn't he think I'm nice? * * * I never cared for him, but he has no business not to like me. What horrid taste!

"And to talk of a dozen other girls! That means Lucie Charvie, I suppose, and Adeline Rowe. I have noticed that he dances with them. * * * I don't see why he should like them better than me. I'm the prettiest, and I can be awful nice if I like. I have never been really nice to him, not my very nicest, or he wouldn't have talked as he did to-day. * * * I might try the effect this evening.

"I meant to be offended, but perhaps the other would have more effect. I believe I'll try it. No one can ever say that I am a flirt, but there are occasions when it is a girl's duty to teach a man a lesson, and he had no business to say that about my hair. * * * I wonder if he was right? He has awfully good taste as a rule.

"I believe, after all, it would be rather becoming. * * * I'll get Elsie to try tonight and wear my new white dress and the pearls, and I'll say to him the very first thing that I'm sorry and ask him to dance with me all the same. Then, when he sees how nice I am, he will be vexed with himself for being so nasty. It will do him no end of good.

"I'd give worlds if he would only propose to me before the season is over! I'd refuse him, of course, but that wouldn't matter; it would be kind of me to take the trouble, because it is dreadful to see a man so conceited, and, if it were not for that, he would be quite charming. * * * I'll begin this evening. How exciting! Poor Captain May!"

HIS SOLILOQUY.

"She looked disgracefully pretty. Nothing like putting a girl in a good stand up rage to see what she's made of. I never knew she had so much in her before. And she would just as soon think of falling in love with the man in the moon, wouldn't she? That's pretty tall! Hang it all, why do they put things in a fellow's head? I was happy enough before, and now this has unsettled me altogether. * * * A man may not want to marry a girl, but that's no reason why she should be so precious indifferent.

"I always fancied that she had a decided weakness. * * * So she wants to laugh at me, does she? Little wretch! She is always up to some mischief.

"I wouldn't object if it was at some other fellow, for those dimples are uncommonly fetching.

"I believe she is right about the collars, all the same; thought so myself more than once. If another shape would suit me better, it seems rather absurd to stick to these. 'Man in the moon,' eh? Humph! Well, it doesn't do to be too awfully sure; it's a bad thing to get into the way of boasting. How would it be if I took her in hand and tried to work a cure? Do her all the good in the world to be brought down a peg or two and find her own level, and the process would not be unpleasant. Hi, cabby! Stop at the first decent hosier's you come to. I want to get out."

Extract from The Times of four months later:

"On the 28th inst., at St. George's, Hanover square, by Right Rev. the bishop of Oxbridge, assisted by Rev. Noel Blanchard, the brother of the bride, Carl Aubrey May, captain of the Royal Horse guards, second son of James Eaton May, Esq., of Brompton Manor, Hants, to Phyllis Mary Olivia, only daughter of Major Blanchard of Barcombe, County Wicklow, and Floraire."—Sketch.

FRUIT AND FLOWERS

BLACKBERRIES FOR MARKET.

How and When to Plant—After Treatment. Profitable Varieties.

In an exhaustive lecture on small fruits for market the assistant pomologist of the department of agriculture has the following to say concerning blackberries: The blackberry can be profitably grown on lighter and drier soils than the strawberry, but requires frequent rains during the summer to mature its fruit. It should be planted very early in spring or in fall in the lower latitudes, plants being commonly secured as suckers from newly established fields, though plants grown from root cuttings are preferred by many growers.

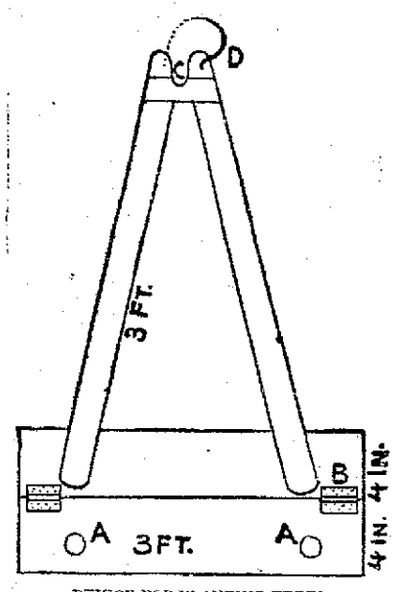
Where planted in hills for cultivating both ways, 6 by 6 feet (requiring 1,210 plants per acre) to 8 by 8 feet (requiring 680 plants per acre) is the proper distance, varying according to vigor and habit of variety. If in rows, they should be about 7 feet apart, with plants 4 feet apart in the row, taking 1,556 plants per acre. Plants should be set 3 or 4 inches deep, with the tops cut back to 2 or 3 inches in length. Potatoes or other hoed crops may be grown between the blackberries the first year if well fertilized when planted.

Not more than four or five new canes should be permitted to grow the first year, and after that only such as give evidence of being healthy and vigorous. Superfluous suckers should be treated as weeds. Most varieties yield better and larger fruit if the canes are pinched back at the height of 18 to 24 inches in summer. The branches, should there be any, are cut back one-third or more in the spring. Old canes may be cut out at any time after fruit is picked. This is generally done in spring.

Varieties not subject to rust or other fungous disease should be chosen. The following are chiefly grown for market: Early Harvest, Wilson, Snyder, Erie, Taylor, Ancient Briton. The first two varieties named need winter protection wherever the peach is subject to frequent injury by cold. With good treatment a well-established plantation may be expected to continued profitable for six or eight years, though much depends upon the effect of severe winters.

A Tree Planter.

An Ohio Farmer correspondent furnishes a sketch of a device he has used with success in planting trees. It was inserted last fall and was used in setting out pear and plum trees. A A are



DEVICE FOR PLANTING TREES.

holes to stake planter down. B B, hinges; D, latch. Place C around stake and stake down at A A. Turn end C back over stakes A A. Dig the hole, place the tree in hole, turn latch as dotted line indicates, get tree straight and fill in dirt.

National and State Flowers.

The United States has not adopted a national flower for the reason that there is no flower of sufficiently distinctive character that grows in all of the states and territories of the country. The only states and territories that have adopted state flowers are the following: Alabama, goldenrod; California, California poppy; Colorado, columbine; Delaware, peach blossom; Idaho, syringa; Iowa, rose; Maine, pine cone and tassel; Minnesota, cypripedium or moccasin flower; Montana, bitter root; Nebraska, goldenrod; New York, rose; North Dakota, wild rose; Oklahoma Territory, mistletoe; Oregon, goldenrod; Utah, sego lily; Vermont, red clover. In some states trees have been adopted instead of flowers, as the palmetto in South Carolina and the maple in Rhode Island and Wisconsin.—American Agriculturist.

Horticultural Brevities.

According to Meehan's Monthly the Worden grape produces almost, if not quite, as successful a crop in every respect as the Concord. They are in Philadelphia markets the first week in August.

The gooseberries most widely grown are Houghton, Pale Red and Downing.

For the scab upon the apple and pear bordeaux mixture has given good results, while, by the addition of paris green, the rot and leaf blight of the plum and also the curculio can be held in check.

When peach trees are set 18 feet apart each way, as is the practice in most of the northern states, there are 150 trees to the acre.

American Agriculturist says: "Four years is long enough to keep a raspberry patch in cultivation, and the limit for the blackberry patch is about five years."

It is a mistake to set grapevines in advance of some support as many do. All sorts of vines grow faster when supports are at hand for them to cling to.

A Minister's Sufferings

FOR FIFTEEN YEARS REV. JOSEPH SECHLER WAS IN TORMENT.

Tried all Sorts of Medicine, but None Afforded Relief. Somewhat Discouraged but with Faint Hope He was led to try a New Remedy. Read what He now Says.

From the Gazette, Galena, Illinois.

There is probably no malady to which the human body is liable so painful or aggravating as rheumatism. The person so unfortunate as to be afflicted with this insidious disease has no outward indication of inward torment. Unlike other disorders it does not often affect the appetite nor does it in most instances reduce the flesh.

Often a certain flush in the face accompanies the ailment and leads the friends of the patient to congratulate him on his healthy appearance with the familiar expression, "how well you look," while he is suffering the most acute torment. Not often being the direct cause of fatality, the patient does not generally receive the sympathy of friends as is the case of other complaints. Often during the day there is a marked subsidence of the pain and the sick man is able to get around with considerable comfort only to feel the most excruciating agony on retiring and the night is spent in the most painful sleeplessness. Sometimes the disease assumes a migratory character moving from joint to limb. This is the most alarming symptom as it is apt to locate in the vital parts in which case it is liable to prove fatal. Under the most favorable circumstances an otherwise healthy body may wear out the disease, but the cases where once seated and recovery follows are few. Frequently it does not succumb without leaving the extremities in a deformed condition and the hands often remaining permanently out of shape. After seeming convalescence it is liable to return on the slightest provocation.

The application of embrocations and other outward remedies may, in a slight degree, alleviate the suffering but are powerless to give permanent relief.

REV. JOSEPH SECHLER.

A gentleman connected with the press was recently conversing with Rev. Joseph Sechler who furnished him with some information concerning the above mentioned disease. Mr. Sechler is a clergyman of the Reformed Church and has been a prominent minister of that body for over thirty years, and has nearly all that time resided in Lena, Stephenson County, Ill. He was active in founding the Northern Illinois College at Dakota in that county, and was for eight years secretary of that institution and for two years its financial agent, which position he had to abandon from causes hereafter mentioned, since which time he has taken charge of a congregation of his brethren in the town of Harlem a few miles from his residence. Through his efforts the Salem Reformed Church, one of the neatest and most appropriate country churches in Illinois, was built three years ago. The interior is finished in modern style and the frescoing, although not so elaborate, is in taste not behind the wealthy city edifices. Mr. Sechler includes in his congregation a large number of well-to-do farmers, chiefly from the vicinity of Pennsylvania, many of them residents of the vicinity since pioneer times.

This worthy minister informed the reporter that for fifteen years he was the victim of dread disease, rheumatism, and suffered nearly all the torments above described. The prescriptions furnished by skillful physicians gave only temporary relief. The various advertised remedies which were recommended to him were alike powerless to mitigate his sufferings. The pain was so intense that he contemplated abandoning preaching because the disease interfered so much with the necessary preparation for the duties of his office.

Somewhat discouraged, but with a faint hope of recovery, he was led to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. It was but a short time to feel the effect of the medicine in a marked alleviation of his terrible agony. After three months he was comparatively free from pain. He continued the use of the remedy at longer intervals and at the end of six months he felt that the disease was entirely eradicated. Another great boon came to him at this time.

During this fifteen years of suffering there was added to the malady the lesser one of piles which itself would have been a terrible affliction but for the overshadowing agony of rheumatism. In the effort to cure the greater the lesser one gave way. He can now fulfill the duties of his calling without being diverted by the agony that he suffered for so many years. He can with confidence conscientiously recommend the pills to all afflicted with the diseases mentioned above.

This worthy minister would, if necessary, make affidavit to the foregoing statements but feels somewhat diffident about doing so in a community where his word is taken without question.

Mr. Sechler's case was so remarkable that at a subsequent interview the press representative inquired if he was aware of any other remarkable cures effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He replied that he was somewhat cautious about recommending advertised remedies, but if he wanted to know more he might inquire of Joseph Hurmacher, Esq., an official member of Rev. Sechler's congregation, who resides a short distance north of the church referred to above. Mr. Hurmacher is a prominent farmer of the town of Harlem whose ambition never extended beyond his own town, but he has filled nearly all the town offices up to supervisor and is well-known in the county. He was enthusiastic in his praise of the pills. He stated that for three years he was an intense sufferer with kidney troubles and a tendency to dropsy but always accompanied with rheumatism. The most skillful medical treatment measurably succeeded with the two former but the latter defied their efforts. No wonder that he was credulous when his pastor related his experience and recommended the remedy that had relieved his suffering. However, after using two boxes of pills according to directions, he began to feel relieved and a continued use of them effected a perfect cure. He has recommended them to his neighbors and they have invariably benefited the afflicted when taken according to directions. He always keeps the pills in the house in case there should be indications of a return of the disease.

Should any afflicted one wish for references regarding the above named gentlemen a letter addressed to the bankers of Lena or Freeport, Ill., or any of the public men of Stephenson County, will procure the necessary information. Of course a stamp or card should be inclosed.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are now given to the public as an unfailing blood builder and nerve restorer, curing all forms of weakness arising from a watery condition of the blood or shattered nerves. The pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 1000), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

EXCURSION TO CLEVELAND, O.

Centennial Celebration, August 11th and September 9th, via Pennsylvania Lines.

One fare for the round trip excursion tickets to Cleveland, Ohio, will be sold Tuesday, August 11th and September 9th, via Pennsylvania Lines for the Centennial Celebration. Returning trip must be made through to original starting point within four days, including date of sale. The arrangements for the Centennial Celebration at Cleveland have been elaborately prepared; the features are varied and typical of a century's growth of Ohio's thriving and most prosperous city on the shores of Lake Erie.

The Cycling Pianist.

Wife—"My dear, there is no occasion to use both pedals in this piece."

Husband—"I forgot. You know I am accustomed to using booth feet on my bicycle."—*Golden Penny.*

Thousands of people are subject to bowel trouble in some of its various forms. Dr. Fowler's Ext. of Wild Strawberry is an unfailing remedy in all such cases.

Sunday Excursion to Ft. Wayne,

August 23d, via Pennsylvania lines, $1.00 round trip from Lima. Special train leaves at 7:30 a. m. central time. Returning, special train leaves Fort Wayne at 8 p. m. Lots of time to be with your friends, see the parks and choice recreation points of the city. Excursion tickets valid Sunday, August 23d, only on these trains. tt

When You Take Your Vacation

The most necessary article to have with you (after your pocket book) is a bottle of Foley's Colic and Diarrhœa Cure. It is an absolute prevention or cure of all derangements of the bowels caused by a change of water.

You are likely to need it.

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

"Complete Manhood AND How to Attain It."

A Wonderful New Medical Book, written for Men Only. One copy may be had free on application.

ERIE MEDICAL CO. BUFFALO, N.Y.

Pardon Notice.

Notice is hereby given that Bert Leller, a prisoner now confined in the Ohio Penitentiary, has been recommended to the Board by the Warden and Chaplain as worthy of consideration for parole. Said application will be for hearing on and after September 1st, 1896. 8-11 3w

A Memento of the Departed.

Mr. A.—"I presume you carry a memento of some sort in that locket of yours?"

Mrs. B.—"Precisely so; it is a lock of my husband's hair."

Mr. A.—"But your husband is still alive?"

Mrs. B.—"Yes, sir; but his hair is all gone."

HEART DISEASE RELIEVED IN 30 MINUTES.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes, and speedily effects a cure. It is a peerless remedy for Palpitation, Shortness of Breath, Smothering Spells, Pain in Left Side and all symptoms of a Diseased Heart. One dose convinces. Sold by Wm. Melville, D. Cramer.

Go to Quincy, Sunday,

Aug. 16th, via O. S. Special attractions at Riverside Park. Trains leave Lima a 9:30 a. m. and 1 p. m. 50 cents round trip. 0-2t

Go to Quincy,

Sunday, Aug. 16th, 50 cents round trip 0-2t

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DUSRESS is caused by tor-
ver and produces Headache,
ess loss of appetite, disgust
d, coated tongue, constipa-
and bilious fever if neglected.
POSITIVE CURE is found in

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D. C. THAYER, of Anita, Iowa,
"I have taken Dr Kay's Ren-
for Constipation & BILIOUS-
, and it has given the best of sat-
n." Dr Kay's Renovator is sold
at 25 cts., and $1.00, or sent
by Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co
, N.Y. Send stamp for FREE
PLE and a valuable booklet.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS
CY PHARMACY, LIMA, O.

His Nerve Saved His Life.

Henry, a well known pioneer, n adventure that is out of the der. He was traveling on a nar- above the raging Grande Bonde en he came to a landslide about across that left no trail or even in the smooth, precipitous rock. l was so narrow that the horse ot turn back. He was trapped. he 20 foot break in the trail was crag of overhanging rock. On lle bow was a strong riata 60 y, and Henry is an expert in the . He steadied himself upon the swung the rope over his head led it high into the air. It set- ly over the crag. He tried it y. It was firm. His saddle was and strong one, with double Around the horn he wound the e urged the horse on to the edge recipice.

faithful beast stood firm. He ot step over, but the rider drew slack and pulled with all his Inch by inch he drew the strain- e forward till his feet slipped, swung over the chasm. The ld his breath as he looked at the low and the slender rope above, was across the gap. He sprang trail and tugged at the reins to horse in gaining his feet. He and the horse lunged up into the th the chasm behind.—Anaconda ard.

dollar on deposit in our savings not only lawfully payable in our able "50 cent dollars," but for ears past no depositor has been anything else. The so called money men are fighting to con- keeping our silver redemption at a discount of 50 per cent; the money silver men wish to make it as gold.

er of the realm in Great Brit- not liable to arrest for debt.

rousness and Impure Blood.

rsville, O., July 27, 1896: "I een taking Hood's Sarsaparilla rousness and have found great It has also proved an excel- ood purifier. I heartily recom- Hood's Sarsaparilla to any one y a medicine of this kind." G. is.

's Pills are easy to take, easy ate.

years ago when suffering a uncommonly severe attack rrhœa, Mr. W. B. Guinnip, of Pa., received through the mail ple bottle of Chamberlain's Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. s: "I found it to be one of ost effective remedies I ever It gave me almost immediate It has no superior and I think al. No bad effects follow the this remedy. It is pleasant to hen reduced with water and ned. Children like it. It fails. It is the most perfect r ever produced for bowel com- ." For sale at 25 and 50 cents ttle by Melville, the druggist. office corner: C. W. Heister, lic Square.

"Move Along, Please."

acher giving lessons on phys- orce, when he had finished, "Now, boys, can any of you what force it is that moves along the street?"

was greatly surprised, and the highly amused, at receiving ne of the boys the unexpected "Please, sir, the police force." *Bits.*

Horrible! Horrible!

ocent children by the thousand nstantly dying from diarrhœa lives might be saved. How y the demon works! Flesh ly wastes away as though sub- to fire. You try change of and change of food, and change The handiest and quickest fest thing you can do is to pro- it once a bottle of Dr. Hand's oea Mixture, at any drug store, . It's wonderful how quickly gs good results.

An Ambitious Hen.

well—"What makes that hen r back yard cackle so loud?"

way—"Oh, they've just laid a stone across the street, and trying to make the neighbors she did it."—*Golden Penny.*

rrh and Colds Relieved in 10 Minutes.—One short puff of eath through the Blower, sup- with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's hal Powder, diffuses this Pow- er the surface of the nasal pas- Painless and delightful to It relieves instantly, and per- tly cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Sore Throat, Ton- and Deafness, 50 cts. Sold by Melville, D. Cramer.

HELD BY THE ENEMY.

The Romantic History of the Castle of a German Princess.

The wife of the German chancellor, Princess Hohenlohe-Schillingsfuerst, was until recently the owner of a castle in France that has a very romantic history. The princess is the daughter of the Princess Sayn-Wittgenstein-Berleburg, nee Bariatinsky, a member of a wealthy and aristocratic family of Russia. Her brother was the Russian Prince Peter Sayn-Wittgenstein-Berleburg, who was adjutant to Czar Alexander III. The prince made his home in France for more than half a century. He became smitten with the charms of the little vaudeville actress Rose Leon while serving as attache of the Russian legation in Paris. At the same time he came into possession of Castle Kerleon, which lies half way between Landerneau and Brest. He contracted a morganatic marriage with the fair Rose, and the marriage feast was celebrated at Kerleon in the presence of his entire household, consisting of 70 persons.

The bride had been playing in the "Seven Wonders of the World," which had a long run in the Porte Saint Martin.

"The eighth wonder," said her husband to her, "will be your castle in Bretagne."

On the day following the wedding the foundation was laid for the present magnificent castle of Kerleon, which the prince surrounded with exquisite gardens and immense hothouses for tropical trees and rare exotic plants. To this magnificent property Prince Peter added the Russian pavilion of Kerjulien, a second castle of enormous proportions, as a gift to his bride.

Rose Leon died Aug. 28, 1886, at Ems, of which resort she had been a regular patron. Her husband had the coffin with the white robed dead conveyed to his castle of Kerleon, and eight years later she was buried in the little cemetery of Relecq. The prince could not be persuaded to leave Kerjulien after her death. At table a place was laid for his wife opposite his own, and every day at breakfast and dinner a bunch of flowers was served with every course for the dead princess. Such conduct was not calculated to prolong the life of the millionaire prince. He died one day while sitting at table, with his eyes resting on the flowers in his dead wife's place.

Prince Peter left no children, and his sister, the Princess Hohenlohe-Schillingsfuerst, was his sole heir. But it was a difficult matter for her to come into possession of the property of the former adjutant of the czar. Every effort to sell the beautiful castle, which had cost 2,000,000 francs, and the lands of which yielded an annual income of 30,000 francs, failed, because "patriotism" prevented the would be buyers from wanting to have anything to do with the German heirs. A few weeks ago it was sold for 216,000 francs to the Count of Guerrande, who rented it for the summer to the Count of Nantua. The charming castle of Kerjulien the Princess Hohenlohe retained for herself, and occasionally she spends a few weeks on her Russian possessions. Kerjulien is said to be one of the most artistic and beautiful properties in Russia, and surrounding nature is in harmony with the character of its simplicity.—St. Louis Republic.

The Press.

If the press is to maintain its dignity as an educator of the people, it must lead and not follow. It must fearlessly express the truth, not pander to the almighty dollar nor to blind partisanship. Last summer I said to the editor of a great cosmopolitan newspaper, "Why do the newspapers print so many columns of sensation stuff in a questionable manner?"

"Simply," said he, "to meet the demands of the tougher element of the community, which reads nothing else. This kind of news is read by all classes that have much to do with the police, by 'sports,' inhabitants of the slums and of 'the Tenderloin' district."

Would a minister preach or a teacher teach to please the baser elements of the community? Then why should a newspaper?—Forum.

Cut A-squintin.

In a country town in Kentucky there is a store where they sell "most everything." The young man who does the selling intends to be a brilliant hand at repartee some day. Meanwhile he practices on the patrons in general, with a preference for colored patrons. An old aunty, with a mellow fifteenth century finish on her cheek bones, came in one market day and inquired, "You ain't got no eends o' satin cut a-squintin, is you?" "I didn't say I hadn't, aunty." "Well, you needn't be so smart, mister I ain't arst you isn't you. I arst you ain't you. Is you?"—Troy Times.

Her Dream.

"Oh, Walter, I had a lovely dream last night. I dreamed I was in heaven."

"What were you doing there?"

"Shopping."—Detroit Free Press.

COVERED WITH HUMOR

When I was thirteen years old I began to have sore eyes and ears, and from my ears a humor spread. I doctored with five different skilful doctors, but they did me no good. My disease was Eczema. By this time it had gone all over my head, face, and body. Nobody thought I would live, and would not have but for CUTICURA REMEDIES. I used four boxes of CUTICURA, five cakes of CUTICURA SOAP, and three bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT. My hair all came out at that time, but now it is thick I can hardly comb it. I am sixteen years old, weigh 150 pounds, and am perfectly well.

Miss IREAN GRANDEL, Clayton, N. Y.

SKIN AND SCALP TREATMENT.—Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA, and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood cures.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, 50c. and $1. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.

"How to Cure Every Skin Humor," mailed free.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Governor Altgeld rides horseback and is in favor of all athletic sports.

Sim Francisco, a Butler (Mo.) lawyer, who is the father of twins, has named the youngsters Gold and Silver.

Mrs. Watson, mother of the poet, Mr. William Watson, died recently in England, in the seventy-third year of her age.

Ex-Secretary of the Navy William C. Whitney rides the bicycle in moderation. He is enthusiastic over the exercise it affords.

Governor Flower is a great advocate of bloomers and says he dearly loves the bloomer girl. The more she blooms the better he likes her.

An immense fortune has been made by Peter Muller in the preparation and sale of cod liver oil. He employs 70,000 persons on the Loffoden islands off Norway.

The barony of Roos of Belvoir, which has just been conferred on the Duke of Rutland, restores to the Manners family a title which they thrice held and thrice lost since 1513, when it first came into the family.

Professor Falb of Vienna announces that the earth will collide with a comet on Nov. 13, 1899. The earth itself will survive the shock, but every living thing will be choked with poisonous gases and be finally exhausted.

The Duke of Argyll possesses a strange avenue of trees upon his estate on the banks of Loch Fyne. Every tree has been planted by some distinguished person and bears an inscription showing when and by whom it was first set up.

Pope Leo recently celebrated the seventy-fifth anniversary of his first communion by celebrating mass in his chapel in the presence of his own family and administering their first communion to the two children of his grandnephew, Count Pecci.

Li Hung Chang has been amazing the Germans by his capacity for food and drink. At the banquet given him by the Electro-Technic society in Berlin he consumed two bottles of champagne and part of a third within two hours and went away straight and sober.

The somewhat eccentric South African prelate, Bishop Bousfield, has written to the newspapers asking some one to tell him how to rid St. Ninian's church, Heidelberg, and Pretoria cathedral of plagues of bats, with which both edifices are simultaneously afflicted.

Andrew Lang is a tall, spare, dark man, has a broad forehead, brown eyes and an ample lower jaw. He is extremely delicate and nervous. Fishing is his hobby, and, in the humaneness of his heart, he invariably throws back into the water whatever fish he catches.

Colorado has a new millionaire in the person of a Mr. Stotler. Mr. Stotler is a mining engineer by profession, and for a long time lived very humbly with his wife, who is his partner in business, in a little cabin near Silverton. He now has an income of $800,000 a year and has one of the handsomest homes in Colorado.

The "Red Necktie Brigade."

Andrew Jefferies of Bristol is the possessor of a relic which no amount of money could buy. It is a red necktie, and not a particularly handsome one at that, but it boasts quite a history. Mr. Jefferies is a veteran of the war, having served in the One Hundred and Nineteenth regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers. Just previous to the battle of Fredericksburg Mrs. Custer, the wife of General Custer, presented to each man in her husband's command a red necktie, and from that time they were known as the Red Necktie brigade. Mr Jefferies prizes the homely little token highly and never tires of showing it. He says the soldiers fought more bravely when they had their ties on.—Philadelphia Record.

Age For Laying.

Keep pullets for eggs, but 2-year-old hens for breeding is a good rule to follow. A pullet will lay more eggs and begin earlier in the season than an older hen and is not so liable to get too fat. When she has finished laying, it will usually be found more profitable to fatten and sell her than to keep her through the molting season for use another year.

R. C. Joiner, Allen P. O., Hillsdale Co., Mich., says: "Nothing gave my rheumatism such quick relief as Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil."

You Can Depend On It

That Foley's Colic and Diarrhœa Cure is an instant relief for colic, summer complaint, cholera morbus, diarrhœa, bloody flux, chronic diarrhœa, cholera infantum, bilious colic, painters' colic, and all bowel complaints. 25c. and 50c. H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

FARM, FIELD AND GARDEN

WHAT IS A BARREL?

Full Sized Barrels Demanded—Pony Barrels Are Not Wanted.

Some shippers seem to think that a barrel is a barrel regardless of size and that it makes no difference, so far as selling produce is concerned, whether it is packed in a regular full sized barrel or in a small or "pony" barrel. Further, our conviction is that these small barrels are often used with dishonest intent, the seller imagining that a small barrel will sell as quickly and for as much as a large one. But there never was a greater mistake. The wholesale produce dealers of New York, Boston and Baltimore have recently sent out circulars explaining why the use of these small barrels involves them in loss, the gist of which Rural New Yorker summarizes as follows:

The outlet for shipments to these cities is, of course, to the retail dealers, many of them out of town. These dealers use the term barrel as a unit of measure, and they demand full measure. If they order ten barrels of potatoes, they want ten barrels, and to send them ten of the so called barrels which some shippers use would be to give them in reality about nine barrels. The result is that the demand is greatest for the large barrels, and as demand controls price the price of the barrels is relatively higher. It is estimated that on the average the small barrels contain about 15 per cent less than the large ones, but they usually sell for 20 to 25 per cent below the price of large ones. Is this profitable to the shipper? Of course, when there is a scarcity of anything on the market, the buyers are less particular. But in case of an oversupply the large barrels are in great demand, are sold first to the best trade, and the small ones must be sold later for what they will bring, or, as is often the case, are not sold at all and are a total loss.

Another point against the small barrels is the fact that in paying freight carriage and often commission the charge is the same on a small as on a large barrel. The cartman won't deduct anything for pony barrels. The railroads estimate the freight at so much per barrel regardless of size. The commission merchant will handle a large barrel of potatoes or other produce for the same price as a small one. In fact, he would sooner handle the large barrel, for it is less work to sell it. The small barrel is a source of annoyance, dissatisfaction and loss all around.

The standard barrel recommended by the produce trade of New York city measures 17 inches in diameter of head, 19½ diameter of bilge; length of stave 27 inches; length between heads, 25½ inches. This is what is known as the standard flour barrel.

Hillside Terraces.

The North Carolina station has issued an illustrated bulletin on hillside terraces or ditches. The object of hillside terracing and ditching is to prevent the soil from washing away. The objections to them are that their banks become fringed with noxious weeds and they are impassable to wagons and machinery.

Attention is called to a method that originated with P. D. Mangum of Wake Forest, N. C. This minimizes the weed fringe and admits of the free use of machinery. He has had the method in use ten years. His terrace is a spiral, with a gradual rise from base to top of the hill. If but one side of the hill is to be terraced, run back and forth, beginning the second where the first ends. The planted row is run diagonally across each terrace, slanting just enough to cause running water to follow the row rather than to spill over from row to row, and these rows conduct the water to the edge of the terrace nearest to the top of the hill. This system deepens the soil from year to year, and Mr. Mangum's fields have constantly increased in productiveness.

Old Strawberry Beds.

Here is what M. A. Thayer, authority in such matters, says on a subject of general importance:

If season has been favorable and a large crop produced or if grass and weeds have been allowed to take possession, then do not hesitate to plow under and start new beds. If, however, a small crop was produced from vigorous vines and the beds kept free from grass and weeds, as they should be, then the second year, or even a third, may be profitable, depending much on season, fertility of soil, cultivation, etc. When old beds are to be continued, they should be mowed immediately after fruiting and burned over. Then reduce rows to six inches in width, hoe out all weeds and grass, apply fine manure and cultivate often same as new beds. With this treatment new runners will soon appear, and a nice matted row may be secured, producing many berries the following season. As a rule new beds every year are most profitable and satisfactory.

How to Treat Ivy Poisoning.

A Rural New Yorker correspondent writes: "My experience with poison ivy, poison oak and poison sumac—the last I dread the most—has been very simple. Put sweet cream on a cloth and cover the affected part, renew as soon as it begins to get dry. This will draw all the poison out in a few days, put the skin in a healing condition, and the poison will never return. Simple as this remedy seems to be, it is nevertheless unfailing."

The Corn Shredder.

Charles S. Hawkins in The Indiana Farmer, after four years' use of the corn shredder, passes judgment against it as being too slow, making the fodder cost too much, and as too dangerous because of the frequent choking and the risks involved in clearing it. He thinks it must be improved or abandoned.

FASHIONS IN ECGS.

Secrets of the Trade Are Explained by a New York Dealer.

There is a style in eggs just as there are in gowns or hats. The fashion in New York is that white beats the world of Long Island. The eggs of Long Island, however, are popular for the statement that if all the hens on Long Island should lay literally every day for a month the total product would not equal the number of all good Long Island eggs that are sold every week day in New York.

"You see," said the dealer, in explaining the popularity of eggs that come from the other side of the East river, "people have got it into their heads that, Long Island being near, the eggs are fresher. So we have to humor 'em. Most all the dealers mix some Long Island eggs and mix them with state eggs and sell 'em for Long Island. The fact is that eggs shipped from central or eastern New York or Jersey get here about as soon as the Long Island eggs, but people don't think about that. They've got hold of the name 'Long Island,' and that's the go, and we sell them for 2 or 3 cents higher than if we labeled 'em state eggs."

Fashion also favors eggs that are laid by white Leghorn hens, because, like the hens, they are white and handsome. They are by no means the best eggs, dealers say. The dark ones that the Plymouth Rocks, for instance, furnish are heavier, richer and better. "Boston people like Plymouth Rock eggs," said the dealer. "They're close buyers, you know, and don't want anybody to tell 'em how to get the worth of their money. The New York folks go in more for looks and a name."

Poultry Raising For All.

Poultry raising offers more than one phase of good results to the persons who are willing to regard it as it really is—a modest calling. The farmer comes first in the list of those who are qualified to take it up. The income of the family may be increased $500 a year in cash, and to many a farmer who is disheartened over the outlook of his business this means salvation. He can make his poultry pay far more than his wheat does, and that, too, at much less cost of labor. The urban and suburban resident comes next. By correct attention to a small flock, an artisan, a clerk or a professional man can secure a healthy supply of good food for his table and at the same time benefit himself physically by the exercise and the diversion incident to the care of the fowls. Then comes the youth of the family, who may be at the parting of the roads of life. An interest in some such work as this may settle the vexed problem of his cares, and while he may not develop into a poultryman for life he may be given the right impetus toward the habit of doing well whatever he undertakes.—American Poultry Journal.

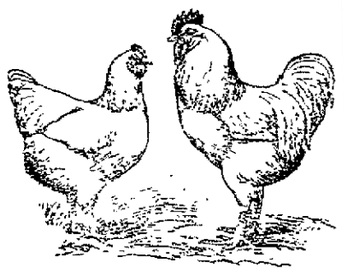
Age as Applied to Hens.

Mr. Babcock quotes Professor George D. Coleman in an article in The Rural New Yorker as follows:

"The greatest source of weak constitution is the heresy that has passed current and is still taught as sound doctrine that hens should be killed off after the second year. We breed from fowls too young. A hen in her third year and a cock of the same age, if both are healthy and vigorous, will, all other things being equal, produce the most vigorous chicks. Old hens lay larger eggs than young fowls. The larger eggs leaves more room for the chicks to grow top and gives more vitality and the chick is hatched under more favorable circumstances. Give the old hen a show and she will vindicate herself, but if we continue in the present path, it will not be long before poultry will become too delicate of constitution to be profitable."

White Plymouth Rocks.

The pair of young White Plymouth Rocks shown herewith were awarded highest honors at the Washington poultry show and also at the last New York state fair. The White Plymouth Rock is an American production, and as the American people are quick to recognize a good thing when they see it and to



WHITE PLYMOUTH ROCKS.

use it to their advantage the White Plymouth Rock is destined to develop a steady, persistent growth.

During the decade they have been with us they have become deservedly popular, and few if any of the breeds can excel them as an "all purpose" fowl. They are already firmly established in public favor, and the demand for them is increasing rapidly.

They are noticeable for their large size, pure white plumage and splendid laying qualities. They are bred for business as well as for beauty, and few can excel them in point of utility.

Milk as Hen Food.

It is being discussed as to whether milk will take the place of meat for poultry. Milk is really superior to meat, but the fowls cannot drink enough of it to enable them to substitute it for meat, which is more concentrated. To derive benefit from one pound of solid matter in milk the hens would have to drink eight pounds of milk, as there is only about 12 per cent of solids in milk. The consumption of such large quantities of fluid is not natural with fowls. They prefer meat and are not milk consuming if they can procure its substitute, being averse to the use of such large supplies of water.

Sickness is a burglar who is continually trying to break into human life. His most usual tool is constipation. This one, seemingly unimportant thing is the primary cause of the tenth of all human ailments. When the bowels fail to act, impure poisonous matter is retained in the system to be absorbed by the blood, and carried to every part of the body. All the digestive organs are affected, and particularly the largest and most important of them—the liver. Constipation causes biliousness and bilious headaches, retards digestion in the stomach causing fermentation—sour stomach, flatulency and feverishness, a feeling of fullness, heart burn, and other disagreeable symptoms. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. They afford immediate relief, but it is not merely a temporary relief. You do not become a slave to the use of the "Pellets." They gradually restore the healthy, natural action of the digestive organs and you may stop using them until some indiscretion in eating again makes them necessary. Doctors are supposed to know more about health and sickness than anybody else, and when the doctor comes, the first thing he does is to find out if the bowels are in good order.

"A Word to the Wise is Sufficient."

The more one knows about health and disease, the easier it is for him to be healthy. Knowledge of some of the simpler laws of health is of the utmost importance to everyone, and everyone may have this knowledge by possessing Dr Pierce's "Common Sense Medical Adviser." This work is a complete medical library in itself. *Absolutely free* to any one who will send 21 one-cent stamps, to pay cost of mailing *only* to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. The free edition is in paper covers. If French cloth covers are desired, send 10 cents extra, (31 cents in all).

Erie . .

ERIE LINES

Railroad.

Time Card in Effect

June 14th, 1896.

From LIMA, OHIO.

TRAINS WEST. Depart

No. 6 Vestibule Limited, daily, for Chicago and the West ..... 11:23 a m
No. 3, Pacific Express, daily, for Chicago and the West..... 12:37 a m
No 1, Express, daily, except Sunday, for Chicago and the West..... 9.23 a m
No. 31, Local Freight, daily, except Sunday ..... 7.00 a m
No 13 Wells Fargo Limited Express, daily, except Monday..... 5:20 m

TRAINS EAST.

No. 5, Vestibule Limited, daily, for New York and Boston..... 9:02 p m
No. 2, Express, daily, except Sunday 2:30 p m
No. 10 Express daily, for New York 2:46 a m
No. 22, Local Freight, daily, except Sunday..... 7:00 a m

Train 13 will not run days following legal holidays.

Through coaches and sleeping cars to New York and Boston.

FRANK C. MCCOY, Agent.
W. G. MACEDWARD, Trav Pass. Agt., Huntington, Ind.

HUMPHREYS'

No. 1 Cures Fever.
No. 2 " Worms.
No. 3 " Infants' Diseases.
No. 4 " Diarrhea.
No. 8 " Neuralgia.
No. 9 Cures Headache.
No. 10 " Dyspepsia.
No. 11 " Delayed Periods.
No. 12 " Leuchorrea.
No. 14 " Skin Diseases.
No. 15 Cures Rheumatism.
No. 16 " Malaria.
No. 20 " Whooping Cough.
No. 27 " Kidney Diseases.
No. 30 " Urinary Diseases
No. 77 " Colds and Grip.

Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price, 25c., or 5 for $1.

DR. HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC MANUAL OF DISEASES MAILED FREE.

Humphreys' Med. Co., 111 William St., N. Y.

Manhood Restored.

DR. E. C. WEST'S
NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT

THE ORIGINAL. ALL OTHERS IMITATIONS.

Is sold under positive **Written Guarantee**, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory, Dizziness, Wakefulness, Fits, Hysteria, Quickness, Night Losses, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all Drains, Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium, or Liquor, which leads to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. At store or by mail, $1 a box; six for $5; with **written guarantee to cure or refund money. Sample package**, containing five days' treatment, with full instructions, 25 cents. One sample only sold to each person. At store or by mail.

Red Label Special Extra Strength.
For Impotency, Loss of Power, Lost Manhood, Sterility or Barrenness $1 a box; six for $5, with **written guarantee** to cure in 30 days. At store or BEFORE or by mail. AFTER

Wm. Melville Old Postoffice Corner, Lima, O

DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS

The only safe, sure and reliable Female Pill ever offered to Ladies. Especially recommended to married Ladies. Ask for

DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS

and take no other. SEND FOR CIRCULAR. Price $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00.

DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, O.

H. F. Vortkamp, s e cor Main and North streets.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

THE - POSTOFFICE

Enjoys the biggest trade in town; but as we claim to have always been next to the postoffice, (next door) it was fitting that, the latter having vacated its old quarters, we should take possession. So that's what we did, and this

OFFICIAL NOTICE

Is printed so that everybody may know it. It is important that you should know where to find us, for it wouldn't do to have people dropping dead in the street, not knowing where to find us, when we have a whole store full of medicines, with which we gladly save all the lives we can. So, henceforth,

IF ANYTHING'S THE MATTER WITH YOU, GO TO THE POSTOFFICE.

The old postoffice, of course, not the new. There in the future, as in the ast, you may feel sure your prescriptions will always be carefully compounded, and at reasonable prices.

See our splendid new line of Fine Perfumes.

WM. M MELVILLE,
THE DRUGGIST.
OLD POSTOFFICE CORNER.

Do You Know That Shoes Are Cheaper Than Ever Before? . . .

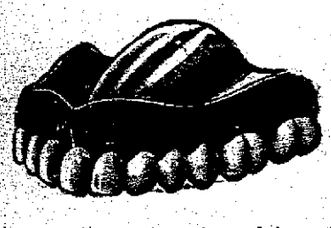
ARE YOU BUYING YOUR SHOES AT THE OLD OR THE NEW PRICE?

WE have been picking up snaps during the last sixty days from parties who needed some cash very badly. We bought them way down low. We are selling good goods at lower prices than many dealers had to pay for the poorest kind of shoddy a year ago. TRY THE NEW SHOE MAN AT WEBB'S OLD STAND.

I. E. AVERY.

135 NORTH MAIN ST.

DENTISTRY 16 TO 1.



16 to 1 of our patients have their teeth filled and extracted without pain with our own vitalized air and local applications. Try our methods once and you will be delighted. Ask your friends who does the finest dental work in Lima, at reasonable prices, and for cash only.

Painlessly yours,

DR. D. H. SULLIVAN.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'G CO

COUNTING ROOM 221 NORTH MAIN ST.

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 84.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Who They Are, Where They Have Been and Where They Are Going.

Mrs. P. H. Lawlor, of West McKibben street, is very ill.

Miss Hannah Hughes left to-day for a two weeks' visit with friends at Columbus, O.

Leonard Walther has returned home after several weeks' visit with friends in Pennsylvania.

J. E. Young has returned from Convoy, where he was called by the serious illness of his brother.

Mrs. George Wolf and children, of Forest avenue, have returned from a visit with her parents in Hume.

Henry Wisely and son, E. H. Wisely, of Vanguneville, were the guests to-day of J. H. Watkins, of South Main street.

T. M. Latham and family, of North Elizabeth street, will leave to-morrow for Northern Michigan to spend a couple of weeks in pleasure.

Miss Iva Bowers and Lorena Gottfried, who have been visiting in Warsaw, Ind., for the past four weeks, returned home this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. John O'Connor returned this evening from St. Louis, Michigan, where they have been for several weeks for the benefit of Mr. O'Connor's health.

Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Bluem and daughter, Minerva, leave next week for a trip to Niagara Falls, down the St. Lawrence and home by way of Boston and New York.

Hon. Allen O. Myers, whose brilliant but cutting tongue is well-known to every voter in Ohio, will talk to the Democrats of Wapakoneta tonight. Many of his friends and admirers from here will go down on the evening train.

Mrs. S. M. Gander and daughter, Miss Tillie, who have been visiting their daughter and sister, Mrs. R. H. Williams, of St. John's avenue, returned to-day to their home in Vaughnsville, accompanied by Mrs. Williams, who will be their guest.

Physical Director Roehm, of the Y. M. C. A., has returned from the Western Secretaries' Institute, Lake Geneva, Wis., with renewed vigor.

Miss Trix I. Clavey, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Thomas McNeff, for several weeks, will leave Monday for Greenville, to attend normal school, before returning to her home at Hagerman, where she will take charge of a school Sept. 1.

TALES OF THE TOWN.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Lautz, a seven pound girl.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Carney, of north West street, a son.

Timothy Shroyer and wife have gone to Lakeside for a couple of weeks.

The fire alarm from box 42 was caused by a flue burning out on south Tanner street.

Mrs. Augustus Sparth, of St. Johns avenue, is laid up with a severe attack of asthma.

Professor Moon will instruct at the teachers' institute at Ottawa the last week of August.

The Robinson circus performance will be given on the Faurot grounds, on South Cole street, adjoining the base ball park.

The professionals and the North End Stars played a game of ball yesterday afternoon, the latter receiving defeat by a score of 14 to 3.

H. W. Moon has purchased his brother Tad's interest in the barber business at 214 North Main street. Tad will leave Monday for Harveysville, Ohio, where he will open a new shop.

Herman McKendrick was arrested here this morning on the charge of burglarizing a store in Ada. He was picked up by officer Phil Goebel on the south side of the square and was taken back to Ada this afternoon.

The Robinson show was late in arriving in the city this morning. The trucks under one of the horse cars gave away at Crestline. It was finally taken from the train and a new truck placed under it. The mail train brought it to Lima this morning.

This morning soon after breakfast, a 2-year-old child of Dan Harpster, living in Monroe township, east of Cairo, found a bottle containing some liquid fly poison, and it at once proceeded to drink some of it. Dr. Henderson, of Cairo, was called, and worked for some time with the child. At noon he pronounced its condition somewhat critical, and said it was not yet out of danger.

A Pleasant Surprise.

Mrs. D. F. O'Connor entertained a number of their friends in a delightful manner last evening at their pleasant home at west McKibben street in honor of her husband's thirty-first birthday anniversary. The evening was pleasantly spent in games, music, and in social chat, after which a most inviting luncheon was partaken of, which was heartily enjoyed by all those present.

FOR $6.88

A regular $10.00 set of dishes at F. E. Harman's special sale.

A TANK FIRE

Blazing Oil in Two Tanks on the Kemper Farm.

THE LOSS WILL BE HEAVY.

Lightning Struck the First Tank About Eleven O'Clock Last Night—Second Fire by Contact.

This morning an immense cloud of smoke was seen passing over the city from the southwest, so light and diffused that it looked like a rain cloud. It was the smoke from one of the large 36,000 barrel tank belonging to the Buckeye Pipe Line. The tank was No. 545, on the Kemper farm, and was situated on the west side of the Wapak road, about four miles south of town.

About 11 o'clock last night the tank was struck by a bolt of lightning and began to blaze. Word was at once sene into the city and the Buckeye officials aroused their employes, the refinery whistle was blown and a gang of several hundred men put to work strengthening and improving the levees which always surround these tanks at a distance of 200 or 300 feet.

About 5 o'clock this morning it was thought everything was in readiness and the cannon was placed in position. This has a caliber of three inches and shoots a ball weighing over six pounds. In shooting such a tank to draw off the oil a seam is always avoided, as it is apt to tear loose for some distance. The first two shots were fired from the northeast and struck all right. Then the cannon was moved more to the south and two more balls sent through the iron plates, the second row from the bottom. One of these apparently struck a seam, for about 6 o'clock the sides of the tank suddenly burst and the oil rushed out on the ground. It filled up the place, overflowing the levee on two or three sides, mostly flowing toward the west where the ground was lowest. The first tank here was immediately surrounded, and as the burning oil rushed up the sides it also caught fire. The first tankfull was burned out in short order now and all men were put to work on the other. Wagons were sent to Lima and were driven around the streets offering forty cents per hour for workmen. Fifty men were also ordered from Findlay on a special train. Two, and on some sides three, embankments were then thrown up so that if the tank should again burst the flow could be controlled. The first shot was fired soon after noon and this time it was hoped that nothing would go amiss.

A $70,000 fire in Lima would be something almost unprecedented, yet that is about what the loss will be. To put up a tank costs about $7,000 and the expense of handling a fire is very large. Each man receives forty cents per hour, and nearly everyone receives four dollars whether he works out his full ten hours or not.

After a tank is ablaze it is impossible to extinguish it, though they often burn slowly at first on account of a lack of air. But when the top is once off it simply burns itself out.

Last spring a smaller tank, 15,000 barrels, was struck by lightning at Ruth, Ind. The engineer at the pump station at once turned the steam of three boilers into the tank and succeeded in smothering the flame. There is no pump station on this farm, and it would have proved fruitless to have made any such attempt.

ENJOYABLE AFFAIR.

Miss Emma Wolf Entertains in Honor of Her Guest, Miss Miller.

Emma Wolf, at the home of Mr. William Miller on East High street, entertained her friends last evening in honor of her guest, Miss Eva Miller, of Dayton. Twenty cheerful little girls accepted the invitation and all thoroughly enjoyed the evening, which was given to music and games. Dainty refreshments were served, after which the young ladies bid their hostess adieu, all feeling that the evening had been a most delightful one.

STREET TALK.

Those physicians who have not filed their diplomas for registration had better do so soon, as only a few days remain in which they can file them.

* *

Bluffton, Ohio, thinks she is going to have electric lights before long. A prospective investor was there last week looking over the situation.

* *

The practical joker is at large. Here's his latest—"Too bad that McKinley's wife has sued for a divorce, isn't it? "What," exclaims the astonished listener, "you don't mean it!" "Oh, yes, but I do." "On what grounds?" "She suspicioned that Mc. was too thick with Hanna."

* *

Some parties have complained, during the wet weather, that their potatoes rot soon after digging and washing them. Don't wash them until you need them to use and they won't rot. Thousands of bushels of early potatoes are shipped from Texas to the northern market in the dirt they are dug in. When they are washed they rot within twenty-four hours.

* *

The Delphos Natural Gas company has been incorporated, with $20,000 capital. The following directors and officers were elected: Alex Shenk, president; Edward J. Maire, vice-president; John F. Lindemann, secretary; E. L. Stallkamp, treasurer; John Mueller, W. A. Wagner, Frank L. Maire. The company expects to have plenty of gas for all the wants of Delphos this winter.—*Delphos Courant.*

* *

A St. Marys man dropped dead of heart failure the other day, while discussing the money question. It is thought he ran across a man who didn't claim to know everything about finance.—*Spencerville Journal.*

OUT OF DEBT.

Allen County Pays Her Last Installment of Bonds.

The Result of Good Financial Management by Democratic Officials.

Through the judicious management of affairs of the county officials, Allen county has been relieved of all indebtedness, and it no longer has any bonds outstanding. The county affairs are in good shape, and in the treasury is plenty of money with which to meet its legitimate expenses. Treasurer Young this morning paid to the First National bank $10,300, which lifted the last one of the Children's Home bonds and left the county free and unincumbered.

THAT STREET SWEEPER

Was Exhibited to the City Fathers Yesterday.

A Scheme Evolved by the City Council to Waste More Money Extorted by Their High Tax Levies.

The city council want to buy a street-sweeping machine.

Why they want to do it is only known to a few but is conjectured by many.

The only place in Lima where such a machine could be used is on the odorous Halwood block Public Square, that $25,000 sink hole, where the people's money was so flagrantly wasted.

The proposed machine will cost a lot of money, and this money has been wrung from the tax payers, many of whom are now without work and who would be glad to take brooms and keep the public square clean without the expense of a machine.

At the present time one man sweeps the square and the city teams haul away the dirt. If a machine is bought with the people's money it will require one man and one team of horses to operate it and the city teams will then have the dirt to haul away. Further, this machine cannot sweep out the corners of the square because its brush cannot be made to run into them, and a man must be employed to finish the work. There would thus be a waste of money in buying the contrivance, and a further waste of money in operating it. Instead of "gaining enough money in a few years to pay for the sweeper," as a councilman stated in council last Monday night, it would cost as many dollars to clean the square with it as it does to do the work with brooms. The work could not be entirely done by it, and in a few years the city must have a worn out machine, ready for the scrap pile.

The duty of the councilman is plain on this matter. They should abandon the idea of wasting hundreds of dollars of the taxpayers' money in buying the machine and give the work of sweeping the square to some worthy, needy men who, by the employment thus given them, could earn enough money to buy bread and clothing for their wives and little ones. The councilmen should be humane first and magnificent afterwards.

No excuse for eating off common dishes when you can get a full set of hand painted porcelain dishes for $10.00. Attend F. E. Harman's sale, it will pay you.

The Ladies' Aid Society

Of Trinity M. E. church will serve ice cream and cake in the room adjoining Watson's grocery this evening.

A FINE SET OF DISHES FOR $10.00

Is something unusual, but you get such a bargain at F. E. Harman's special sale.

Come, Ladies, Get Together.

Organize a club and get reduced rates at Johnson's swim. Six tickets for $1.00. 016

DO YOU WANT DISHES?

Don't say you never had a chance to get them a bargain—go to F. E. Harman's great special sale.

The Ladies' Aid Society

Of Trinity M. E. church will serve ice cream and cake in the room adjoining Watson's grocery this evening.

DO YOU NEED DISHES?

If so, you can buy a set cheap at F. E. Harman's, Special dinner set sale Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

He Settled.

John Heiser, the treasurer of Shelby county, was in the city yesterday on business relating to the saloonkeeper Kah, of Jackson Center who was called to account a few weeks ago for disposing of liquors without a license. Kah gave an order to the county treasurer for money deposited with the Citizens' Building and Loan Association. Kah promises to hereafter pay his license before selling spirituous drinks.

NO CAUSE OF ACTION.

The Gamblers' Note Case Finished in Atmur's Court.

The gambling case in Justice Atmur's court was finished last night, and the jury returned a verdict of no cause for action. The costs were placed on Solomon Ruff, who sued John Kunzleman, Thomas Shroyer, A. H. Van Norman and Phillip Klaus, as owner of the building where the game was to be conducted. Ruff lost $82, the case, and now has to stand the costs.

WHY DO

Mothers let their children die, while teething, with all manner of Bowel Complaints? By using Dr. Kerr's Common Sense Remedies there is no need of one child dying while teething. You can have the best of references from the worst of cases. I know what I am saying—no babies die in my hands. A little common sense will save the babies from suffering and death, and increases the population of Lima. Those who wish to keep their babies will use Dr. Kerr's Remedies to bring their children safely through the hot summer weather while teething.

DR. M. A. KERN,
133 West Wayne street,
d&w Lima, O.

Do you think $27.50 a high price to pay for a $50.00 set of China? If you expect to own a set, why not take advantage of F. E. Harman's great special sale of dinner sets?

Come, Ladies, Get Together.

Organize a club and get reduced rates at Johnson's swim. Six tickets for $1.00. 016

You Won't Think

when you see the new policy issued by the Equitable Life Assurance Society, that it's the best ever issued.

You'll Know It.

R. W. WALLACE & CO.
General Agents,
Room 6, Holmes Block, LIMA, OHIO.

GEO. W. COE,
Piano Tuner.
FIRST CLASS WORK.
Leave order at Downard & Son's book store, or telephone No. 283.

DO NOT FAIL TO SEE
Madam · Genoskey,
Who has arrived in town. Parlors at 207 east Wayne street. She reveals past, present and future.

FREE!

A PAIR 25 CENT GENTS' HOSE

—AT—

MICHAEL'S.

EXPLANATION:

We have now a special sale of our 25c Gents' Hose, in all colors, selling 5 pairs for $1.00, thus giving one pair free.

LIMA BASE BALL PARK!

TWO PERFORMANCES ONLY,

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, **AUG. 21-22.**

. . PAIN'S . .

Sublime, Historical, Pyro-Spectacle and Mid-summer Night CARNINAL OF FIRE.

LAST DAYS OF

POMPEII.

350—PEOPLE—350

100 European Athletes, $1,000 Fireworks Display each night. Positively the most costly and MAJESTIC OUTDOOR EXHIBITION human eyes ever beheld. Impossible to describe in words the Grandeur of this the world's greatest exhibition.

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